Rs. 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI. NO. 289 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1918. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS,

TO LONDON.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1918		
10th December ..	Tanfield ..	..
14th „ ..	Chanda ..	6169
1919		
11th January ..	Nagoya ..	6854
15th „ ..	Nore ..	6703

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date about.	Steamer.	Tons.
1918		
10th December ..	Dilwara ..	5378

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Date about.	Steamers.	
1918		
5th December ..	Lightning..	Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.
8th „ ..	Dumra ..	Karachi, coasting.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. Sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons	Date of arrival.	Date of departure.
Tenyo Maru.	Y. Kobayashi..	3135	24th Nov. 1918.	7th Dec. 1918.
Kyoku Maru.	H Nagahiro ..	3187	18th Dec. 1918.	28th Dec. 1918.

For Freight apply to:
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet—167 Vessels Gross Tonnage 462,000.

Regular service from Bombay to Japan, Italy and Marseilles.

Steamer.	Commander.	Arrival	Departure.	Destination
Burma-Maru	S. Imai	23rdNov	7th Dec.	Japan
Sumatra-Maru	H. Uyeda	22nd „	10th „	„
Kwando-Maru.	N. Yanagi	14th „	10th „	„
Shokwa-Maru.	N. Wakatake	28th „	13th „	Italy
Salgon-Maru.	S. Kondo	7th Dec.	20th „	Marseilles
Celebes Maru.	S. Memoto	18th „	....	Japan

For freight apply to
M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Ajam Building, Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.

DROPS OF INK !
MAKE MILLIONS THINK ! !
and to write with a bad Ink.
IS A BLUNDER.
"Inkotine" marks the highest perfection in Ink making
Try and reap its benefit.
G.S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY NO. 3.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,350,000

Head Office:
49, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombasa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumo
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,00
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserved Fund ..... Yen 24,300,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen, Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Koke, London Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin Tokio, Tsingtao.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 12,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE.
Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road,
Sub-Branches.
SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.
Apollo Street, Fort.
BRANCH.
Kalbadevi Road, Opposite Narnarain's Temple, Zaver Baug.

		Rs.
Authorised Capital	...	10,00,000
One lakh shares of Rs. 10 each.		
Paid-up Capital	...	4,71,900
Unpaid Capital	...	5,28,100
Capital Reserve Fund	...	76,420

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4½ per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed on deposits fixed for one year at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

Cheques, Hundies, Bills, Dividend Warrants, etc. collected free of charge for Account Holders.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.

By order of the Board,
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

INSURANCE.

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Funds exceed	.. ..	Rs. 1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceeds	..	Rs. 36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds		Rs. 25,00,000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted. Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

THE BHARAT INSURANCE Co. LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1896.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi, Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Calcutta, Poona, Bangalore, Mangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta, Dacca, Bombay.

Funds exceed	.....	Rs. 27,00,000
Surplus about	.....	Rs. 1,00,000
Claims paid about	.....	Rs. 20,00,000

Specialties: Moderate premia, ready convertability, prompt payment, Female lives insured, etc.

Pushing agents wanted all over India.

K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd.,
(Bharat Buildings)
Lahore.

Poona Chief Agents:—
Messrs. B. N. SATHE & BROTHERS,
224, Budhwar Peth,
Poona City.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO, LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.

(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.

(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.

(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.

For further information, Prospectus, etc. please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS.
Bombay and Deccan,
32, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES,

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
BOMBAY.
No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 521.

AUCTION SALE of Diamond and Ruby Bangles, Pearl Necklace, Diamond Tie Pin, Gold Chains, Bangles, Gold Charms, Rings, Gold Brooches, Gold Watches, Gold Wrist Watch, Silver Tea Set, Silver Powder Box, etc.

Under instructions from Messrs. Rukhaji Nagaji and Co., and on account and risk, Mrs. J. Sullivan, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 9th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms, at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Diamond and ruby bangles, pearl necklace, diamond tie pin, gold chains, bangles, gold charms, rings, gold broocches, gold watches, gold wrist watch, silver tea set, silver powder box, siver vase, silver cigarette case, etc.

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS AND COTTON MERCHANTS.

Sale opposite the Goods Superintendent's Office, G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder.

The sale of about 2,000 bales and loose cotton of the recent fire which occurred at Warehouse, No. 5, of the Princes Docks.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 7th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), opposite the Goods Superintendent's Office, G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder, where the Salvage is removed for sale.

About 2,000 Full pressed bales and loose cotton of the recent fire at Warehouse No. 5, Princes Docks, which occurred at 13th November, 1918, comprising of Indian, Bengal, Oomra, Karachi, Western Tuticorin F. P. cotton raws and Coconada (slightly damaged by fire and water).

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 12 BALES MANECKJI PETIT MILL'S WHITE TWILLS.

Under instructions from Messrs. J. A. Begbie and Co., and on account and risk of Jamnadas Harakhji of Gowraj Gully, Mulji Jetha Cloth Market, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Magonlal Cullianji's Shop No. 1 at Morarji Goculdas Cloth Market, Kalbadevi:—

11 bales white twills, each containing 40 pieces, 32in. by 40 yards of Maneckji Petit Mills No. 1383.

1 bale white twills, containing 40 pieces, 32in. by 40 yards of Maneckji Petit Mills No. 1288 and "Acrobat" stamp.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid and delivery to be taken within 3 days after the sale.

SALE TO-DAY AT 3 P. M.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF COTTON AND WOOLLEN UNDERWEAR, SOCKS, STOCKINGS, SHAWLS, GARTERS, BABY HATS, ETC.—SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

Under instructions from the Insurance Office, concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the shop of H. Cassumbhoy, situate next to the shop of Haji Mahomed Aba at Jackeria Musjid, Chakla, the following shop goods, such as cotton and woollen underwear, socks, stockings, shawls, garters, baby hats, etc., slightly damaged by fire and water.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY, GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Sunderdas and Co., Solicitors for two of the Executors of the estate of Bai Kersorbai, widow of Dharamsey Lalji, with the consent of the Advocate-General of Bombay and the remaining two executors, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th December, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms, at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following. Pearl bangles, pearl raifuls, pearl necklaces, ruby and emerrald rings, pearl booties, emerald nose stud, ear-ing, diamonds and rubies in packets, jewelled ponchi, pearl bunches and gold and silver ornaments.

The above will be on view 4 days before sale and a deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE AT DECCAN COLLEGE, POONA, ON SUNDAY, THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1918, AT 3 P.M. (S. T.).

The property of Honourable Mr. S. R. Arthur, I.C.S., etc., Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Excise, Bombay.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 15th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Deccan College, Poona, valuable and handsome specially made to order household furniture consisting of dinning table and chairs, old blackwood sideboard, dumbwaiter, chat of drawers, dressing tables, teakwood and blackwood cupboards, writing table, hat stand, old blackwood screen, old blackwood table, drawing room sofas, arm chairs, revolving book case, old blackwood cushion chairs, table, glass door cupboards, wardrobes, hanging cupboard, cane furniture, etc., etc.

The property is on view from Sunday the 8th December, 1918, and catalogues will be published.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers
Bombay, 6th December, 1918.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
52, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 PACKAGES BLEACHED LONGCLOTH, and 8 PACKAGES MULLS.

On MONDAY the 9th December, 1918, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers will sell by public auction by order of Shah Hiralal Baldeovdas the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Chimanlal Pesanghbai and Shankerlal Jagjivandas and Co., mortgagors at Chithalvadi at the baling press of Sheth Dosa Moosa.

8 packages Bleached Longcloth No. 7001 or others.
4 packages Mulls No. 55 or others.
2 packages Mulls No. 880 or others.
2 packages Mulls No. 990 or others.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th Dec., 1918.

JUST RECEIVED
A FRESH CONSIGNMENT
OF
THE RARE and BEAUTIFUL
Plain XL Crepe-de Chine
IN
ALL THE LATEST SHADES AND GRADES
suitable for
LADIES DRESSES.
AHMED E. ESAALI,
Empire Building, Fort, BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 BALES JAPANESE YARN.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Manilal Vithaldas & Co. at their shop at Tambakanta and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Shroff Chunilal Hiralal of Ganeshvadi.

8 Bales each 400 lbs. Japanese Yarn No. 40 single.

AUCTION SALE OF 13 CASES TEA OF CALCUTTA.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. Manilal Amthalal and Bros. and on account and at the risk of Multani Girdharidas Radhakishan:—

13 cases each 110 lbs. tea of Calcutta Lot No. 109.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 BALES JAPANESE SHIRTINGS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Madhavdas Govindji and on account and at the risk of Messrs. H. S. Co.

5 bales Japanese shirtings No. A 1.

AUCTION SALE OF 12 BALES CHECK GINS OF THE FAZULBHOY, CURRIMBHOY, CRESCENT AND PEARL MILLS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Thucker Mathuradas Duwarkadas and on account and at the risk of Thucker Damodar Narsidas.

3 bales check gins of the Fazulbhoy Mills No. 9024.
3 bales check gins of the Currimbhoy Mills No. 2902½.
3 bales check gins of the Crescent Mills No. 5040.
3 bales check gins of the Pearl Mills No. 1917.

AUCTION SALE OF 50 IRON SINGLE SPRING COTS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms No. 25 Medows Street, Fort.

50 iron single spring cots.

AUCTION SALE OF ENGLISH, GUJARATI AND MARATHI SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITERS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25, Medows Street, the second-hand but quite serviceable Typewriters in English, Gujarati and Marathi, of well-known makers, such as Remington, Oliver, Blick, Yost, Underwood, Empire, Smith, Premier, L. C. Smith, Wilham and Waverly, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 PACKAGES PRINTS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Sundarji Chaturbhuj and on account and at the risk of Seth Madhavdas Liladhar of Gopalgully.

5 packages prints chocolate Graham's.
3 packages prints white.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 BALES GINS OF THE CURRIMBHOY, CRESCENT, FAZULBHOY AND PEARL MILLS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Messrs. B. Mansing and Co. and on account and at the risk of Marwadi Ramchandar Chandulal.

12 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Currimbhoy, Crescent Fazulbhoy and Pearl Mills 5½ lbs. Nos. 5040 and 2902½.

AUCTION SALE OF 14 BALES GINS OF THE UNION MILLS

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Vijbhukhandas Gulabdas and on account and at the risk of Thucker Mathuradas Manji Valji.

3 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Union Mills No. 906 24 yards.
6 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Union Mills No. 2991 24 yards.
1 bale 60 pieces gins of the Union Mills No. 907 24 yards.
4 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Union Mills No. 917 24 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 BALES CHECKS Co. THE UNION MILLS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Toharmal Uttamchand and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Punjabi Tulsiram Jagatram of Amratsar.

11 Bales each 60 pcs., checks of the Union Mills No. B.B.B.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 PACKAGES WHITE NENSOOKHS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Goculdas Valji and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser and the party, defaulting to net under provision of the resolution dated 7th November 1918, of the Board Committee of the Bombay English white and plain piecegoods Association, Seth Hiralal Ambalal.

2 Packages each 160 pcs. white Nensookhs No. 6200 or orther 22 yds.
3 Packages each 160 pcs. white Nensookhs No. 6B or other 22 yds.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 BALES YARN OF THE DAVID MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tambakanta by order of Messrs. Chunilal Amthalal and on account and at the risk of Seth Kantilal Hiralal.

Order No. 1169—25 bales each 400 lbs. yarn of the David Mills No. 10 Single November delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES CHECKS OF THE INDORE MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Jamnadas Haridas and on account and at the risk of Seth Jagannath Bhuramal.

13 bales each 50 pieces grey shirtings of the Kurla Mills No. 981.
14 bales each 50 pieces grey shirtings of the Kurla Mills Butakchap No. 1024.
1 bale 50 pieces grey shirtings of the Kurla Mills No. 984, Buttakchap.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th December, 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MEHTA & CO.—(Contd.)

Mills No. 2991 24 yards.
1 bale 60 pieces gins of the Union Mills No. 907 24 yards.
4 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Union Mills No. 917 24 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 BALES CHECKS Co. THE UNION MILLS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Toharmal Uttamchand and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Punjabi Tulsiram Jagatram of Amratsar.

11 Bales each 60 pcs., checks of the Union Mills No. B.B.B.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 PACKAGES WHITE NENSOOKHS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Goculdas Valji and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser and the party, defaulting to net under provision of the resolution dated 7th November 1918, of the Board Committee of the Bombay English white and plain piecegoods Association, Seth Hiralal Ambalal.

2 Packages each 160 pcs. white Nensookhs No. 6200 or orther 22 yds.
3 Packages each 160 pcs. white Nensookhs No. 6B or other 22 yds.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 BALES YARN OF THE DAVID MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tambakanta by order of Messrs. Chunilal Amthalal and on account and at the risk of Seth Kantilal Hiralal.

Order No. 1169—25 bales each 400 lbs. yarn of the David Mills No. 10 Single November delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES CHECKS OF THE INDORE MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Jamnadas Haridas and on account and at the risk of Seth Jagannath Bhuramal.

13 bales each 50 pieces grey shirtings of the Kurla Mills No. 981.
14 bales each 50 pieces grey shirtings of the Kurla Mills Butakchap No. 1024.
1 bale 50 pieces grey shirtings of the Kurla Mills No. 984, Buttakchap.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th December, 1918.

AUCTION SALE OF 17 BALES SUSI CALENDERED.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of the Morarji Goculdas Spg. and Wvg. Co., Ld., and on account and at the risk of Seth Mathuradas Manji Valji.

17 bales Susi Calendered.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES CHECKS OF THE UNION MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Vijbhukhandas Gulabdas and on account and at the risk of Sha Manilal Nagindas.

7 bales each 60 pieces checks of the Union Mills No. B. B. B.

AUCTION SALE OF 638 BALES COTTON.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of Seth Thackersidas Shivsayamal near his room at Cotton Green, Colaba and on account and at the risk of Seth Narandas Chunilal.

76 bales cotton Rajkot.
217 bales cotton Sajan.
2 bales cotton Kumtha old.
338 bales cotton Kumtha.
5 bales cotton Kadehi.

The above gods are on view in the godowns Maneck No. 1 and Kalyan No. 6 of Seth Thackersidas Shivsayamal.

AUCTION SALE OF 28 BALES GREY SHIRTINGS OF THE KURLA MILLS.

On TUESDAY, the 10th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraigully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Jamnadas Haridas and on account and at the risk of Seth Jagannath Bhuramal.

28 bales each 50 pieces grey shirtings of the Kurla Mills No. 981.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th December, 1918.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Wanted", "To Be Let", "For Sale" and other sundry Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be strictly prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding 20 words **Re. 1** *per insertion; every additional word one anna.*

Advertisements are not received after 6 p. m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Rs. 6 per inch, Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Rs. 1-8 per inch. No display allowed.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION.

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly	Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly ...	,, 16-0	,, 18-0
Quarterly	,, 8-0	,, 9-0
Monthly	,, 3-0	,, 3-8
Single Copy	TWO Annas.	

SUNDAY EDITION

	LOCAL	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly	Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0
Single Copy	TWO Annas.	

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

FORD AUTOMOBILES (India) Ltd. Hughes Road, Bombay. Call in and see us or write or wire us for everything for your Ford Car, Spare Part Price List free on application Telegrams: "Autoford" Bombay. Telephone 707.

STORM—No storm can last for ever, and so the war must come to an end. If you wish to dispose of your Motor Car or a Carriage and Horse, now is the time to realise the highest price by sending it to MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Plenty of accommodation and fine Showroom.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS for the Baroda State Service in permanent employ. Apply to the CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Baroda State, with copies of Testimonials. 3402

WANTED—AN LL.B. for a well-established Solicitor's firm. Apply stating terms to Box No. 1213, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3382

WANTED—A B.A. with Physics and Chemistry, or a B.Sc. as a Science Teacher for Fort and Prc. High Schools. (Frere Road, Fort). Apply personally to the PRINCIPALS. 3435

WANTED—AN INSPECTOR for Cooperativ Societies. Pay Rs. 50 with As. 8 daily travelling allowance. None need apply, who has no experience of the work. Applications should be addressed to the Registrar Cooperative Societies, Kotah, Rajputana. 3398

WANTED—A MATRIC CORRESPONDENCE CLERK with good hand and quick at figures. Pay Rs. 40: attendance 7-30 to 5-30 (S. T.). Apply to Box No. 1215, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3388

WANTED—Experienced MATRIC, and ACCOUNTS CLERKS for Overseas. Also Rs. 500 security paying AGENTS and TREASURERS. MAYADASS & Co., 85, Fort Street, Bombay. 3368

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS ENGINEER for an up-country Mill, one with electrical qualifications and having practical knowledge of all kinds of electrical work preferred. Apply stating age, caste, previous experience and salary expected to Box No. 1231, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3436

WANTED—Experienced HINDU FIRE INSURANCE CLERK, capable of taking charge of fire department in a well-established Company. Apply with full particulars of age, previous experience and salary required to Box No. 1211, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3380.

WANTED for Surveying and Estimating (for about 6 months) an UPPER SUBORDINATE, pay Rs. 150 and Camp allowance Rs. 20 per month; and LOWER SUBORDINATE, pay Rs. 60 and Camp allowance Rs. 10 per month. Apply to CHIEF ENGINEER, Barsi Light Railway Co., Kurduwadi, Deccan. 3350

SITUATION WANTED.

SMART fair youth with fine hand, aged 19 of respectable Christian family, wishes to learn paying trade or join as Secretary to a Gentleman with good prospects. (Security obtainable). Apply Box No. 1227, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3432

WANTED.

WANTED—A ROOM for Office in Fort, can pay about Rs. 30 to 35. Apply MAHIPATRAM RAVAL, 13, Bank Street, Fort. 3389

WANTED—MOTOR CARS on contract for a year. Apply for particulars Messrs R. B. PALSAPURE & Co., Topiwala's Bungalow, Sandhurst Road. 3333

WANTED—A small BUNGALOW on rent or to purchase, at Dadar, Bandra Santa Cruz or Andheri, near Railway station Apply Box No. 1221, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3400

WANTED—Several centrifugal PUMPS and Crude Oil or Kerosene Oil ENGINES, new or second-hand, from 9 H.P. to 20 H.P. Send particulars and the prices required. S. G. NARAVANE, Geologist, Baroda State, Baroda. 3445

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—English CARRIAGES at reduced prices. Apply WELLINGTON MEWS, Fort, Bombay. 3446

ON VIEW—Bona-fide Sale of Mr. G. T. Cassie's valuable furniture, drawing room, sofas and chairs, almyrahs, etc., at "Admere", No. 25, New Marine Lines. 3448

FOR SALE—New pucca-teak fittings in shop, Rahim Buildings, Princess Street, said shop TO LET. Apply Box No. 1229, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3450

FOR SALE—One SELF-ACTING ROPE FEED CIRCULAR SAW BENCH 8 ft. by 3 ft. with a Saw of 4 ft. Diameter, quite new. Apply to D. L. SASTRY & Co., Engineers, Madras. 3387

FOR SALE—RUSTON OIL ENGINE, 50 B.H.P., complete with tanks and fittings; one HORNSBY 7½ B.H.P.; one BERLI 8 B.H.P. See SURJEE KHERAJ, Engineer, near Noorbaugh, Mazagon. Tel. No. 3822. 3361

FOR SALE—The red clay for gardens, back stones for buildings, and the small stones and pieces of the stones. Write DWARKADAS GORDHANDAS, c/o Little & Co., Solicitors, Apollo Street, Fort. 3359

FOR SALE—One ton DENBY TRUCK with new tyres, purchased last year, a HUMBER, DE DION HOTCKISS, 10 seater, passenger body, all cars in perfect order. Apply Box No. 1230, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3432

FOR SALE—An AMERICAN MOTOR CAR, 22½ Horse-power, 4-cylinder, 5-seater, fitted with Magneto, 3 oil and 3 electric lamps, model 1916, Torpedo body, recently overrolled and coloured (buff). Petrol consumption about 20 to 25 miles per gallon. In good working order and furnished with all other accessories. Offer to Box No. 1104, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2979

FOR SALE—One POWER DRIVEN SUGAR CANE CRUSHER of a large size, complete with gearing, made by Manlove Alliott and Co., of Nottingham; suitable for large establishments. Large quantities of the water and oil proof "Rubber-Ite" Cotton belting in all sizes. Polar Cub Electric Fans to work on 110 or 230 volts A.C. or D.C. supply. All sorts of mechanical and electrical supplies and accessories. Particulars from THE UNITED ENGINEERING CO., 36, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. 3345

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SAKINABAI MOOSABHOY JAFERBHOY KHOJA MATERNITY HOSPITAL.

WANTED—Full time qualified LADY DOCTOR for this hospital. Apply MOOSABHOY JAFERBHOY Esq., Managing Trustee, Khadak Bombay No. 9. 3438

FREE HELP TO FAMINE-STRICKEN PEOPLE, CATTLE AND BIRDS.

THE BOMBAY KARIANA MERCHANT ASSOCIATION has opened a FAMINE RELIEF FUND, to help people, cattle and birds in the present famine year. Therefore any village from Cutch, Kathiawar, Guzerat, Mewad and Marwad, that may be in need of such help may apply to the undersigned.

SHAH PARMANAND RATANJEE,
THAKAR TULSIDAS TEJPAL,
Joint Hon. Secretaries.
Famine Relief Fund Committee.

The Bombay Kariana Merchants Association
Samuel Street, Bombay, 3,
Dated 15th Nov. 1918.

NOTICE.

S. S. "HELLAS" is expected to arrive in Bombay on the 4th proximo from Suez, the consignees of her cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay.

No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days after the cargo has been discharged.

Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Marine Surveyors, will be attending at the Bunder every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. No cargo in single gunny will be surveyed. The bills for claims are to be sent to this Office within one month from the date of the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

After discharging her cargo she will load for Colombo. The Shippers, who have already obtained shipping orders, are requested to send their cargo alongside the steamer soon as she is ready to receive it, and those who require shipping orders will apply to the undersigned.

MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE,
Agent.
15, Elphinstone Circle, Fort,
Bombay, 30th November, 1918. 3349

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Messrs. K. RHADAKRISHNA & Co., of 3, Charni Road, Girgaum, Bombay, and now c/o the Carnatic Cotton Co., Wallaja Road, Mount Road, Madras, had left a Grey Gelding with us for Sale, with our feeding, stable rent, syce, etc., on the 17th June, 1918, and whereas the said Messrs. K. Rhadakrishna & Co. have now left Bombay, without giving us any notice and whereas the said Messrs. K. Rhadakrishna & Co. have not replied to letters sent to them by us, as well as a Lawyer's notice sent to them at Madras, this notice is now given, that the said horse, will be now sold by us, at the said Messrs. K. Rhadakrishna & Co.'s risk and costs.

Written offers therefore, will be received, by the undersigned, till the 10th instant. No verbal offers will be received or attended to and the horse will be sold to the highest bidder. The horse is in the stables of the undersigned for inspection. W. STEPHENS & SONS, Veterinary Surgeons, Charni Road, Girgaum, Bombay.

Dated 4th December, 1918. 3385

NOTICE TO MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

WANTED—A qualified MECHANICAL ENGINEER, having good knowledge of rass and Iron Foundries, for a newly tarted up-country Foundry. Free quarters rovided. Apply stating least salary expect-d, with copies of Testimonials to

Messrs. MANILAL BALABHAI & Co.
Export and Import Merchants.
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

"AT HOME"

WILLINGDON SPORTS CLUB GROUND.

FRIDAY, 6th December, 1918.

COMPETITORS for the Motor Musical Chairs are requested to bring in their cars through the gate nearest Mahaluxhmi Railway Station.

E. F. LANCE,
For Ag. Secretary,
Western India Turf Club.

THE SYDENHAM COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS, BOMBAY.

THE following EVENING COURSES will this term be held for the benefit of those engaged in business during the day.

10 lectures on "BANKING LAW AND PRACTICE," on Thursday evenings, 6-15 to 7-15, beginning on December 12th. Lecturer:—Prof. M. L. Tannan, B. Com. (Birm.) Fee Rs. 5.

6 lectures in "Gujerati" on "The possibilities of further industrial development in India, with special reference to the main recommendations of the Industrial Commission," on Tuesday evenings, 6.15 to 7-15, beginning on January 7 1919.

Lecturer:—Prof. M. J. Antia, M.A., (Bombay), M.A., LL.B., (Cantab.) Admission free.

Apply to the

PRINCIPAL,
Sydenham College, Bombay. 3444

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

(1) Shaping Machine, Bed 4ft. 3 in. by 2 ft. 8 in.; size of Table 17 in. by 16 in. by 10 in.; Stroke 12 in.; Travel of head on bed 30 in.

(2) Drilling Machine to be worked by hand power, will drill hole upto 1½ in. dia. Flywheel revolving horizontally at the top of the frame. Dia. of Flywheel 30 in.

(3) Steam Hammer. Cylinder dia. 5 in. Stroke 14 in. Bed 3 ft. 9 in. by 2ft. 6 in.; Ht. 7 7ft. St. Pipe 1½ in. Dia. Exhaust Pipe 2 in. dia.

(4) Steam Verticle Boiler, Ht. 7 ft. Dia. 3 ft. 8 in. with a vertical Engine attached to the shell. Chimney and fittings wanting. Not worked for a number of years.

(5) Screwing Machine. No dies available.

(6) Ruston Oil Engine. Type H. Cylinder Diameter 8½ in. Stroke 16 in. Has Flywheel broken.

Offers to reach the U.S. on or before the 20th of December 1918.

ENGINEER, MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE
Nagpur.
3rd December, 1918. 3447

NOTICE.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

TENDERS for the supply of

(a) Milk Fresh, pure of the best quality unadulterated with water or any other substance; (b) Bread horse: bread ordinary; (c) Biscuits limji and Biscuits dog; (c) Beef, Mutton, &c.; and (d) miscellaneous bazar articles

will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 13th December, 1918.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of Contract, specification, etc., will be issued free of charge to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner.
JAMSHED M. DOCTOR.
Superintendent,
Municipal Gardens.
Victoria Gardens' Office,
5th December, 1918. 3434

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LTD.

APPRENTICESHIP.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK is prepared to entertain applications for apprenticeships to qualify for employment in its Service.

There are three classes of apprentices as follows:—

CLASS I.

Graduates in Arts or Science or in Commerce of any recognised British or Indian Universities, who have qualified as certified Associates of the Institute of Bankers and who have acquired a practical knowledge of the working of a Bank. Age limit 20 to 26 years.

CLASS II.

Graduates in Commerce, Arts or Science of any recognised British or Indian Universities. Age limit from 20 to 26 years.

CLASS III.

Non-Graduates. Age limit 17 to 21 years.

Copies of the printed terms and conditions for the apprentices can be had on application at the Bank's Offices.

Applications with particulars of qualifications will be received by the Bank up to 31st January, 1919.

(Sd.) J. PAGAN DALZELL,
Ag. Manager.
3423

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that PARMANAND JADAVJI MODY and PREMJI OOMERSEY have dissolved the partnership subsisting between them in the business of Iron, which business was carried on under the name of Parmanand Premji & Co., as from the 20th day of November, 1918. Persons having dealings with the said firm of Parmanand Premji & Co. are hereby informed that Mr. Parmanand Jadavji Mody has undertaken by the Deed of Dissolution to pay all debts and to recover all outstandings due by the firm and they are hereby required to receive their dues and pay the outstandings of the said firm to him by the 31st of December, 1918.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1918.
MIRZA, MIRZA & MANGALDAS,
Attorneys for Parmanand Jadavji Mody.
3404

LEGAL NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for probate of the last Will and Testament of HEPTULLA ESOOFALLY, late of Surat, residing at Begampura Dowdi Borah Mohomedan Inhabitant, a merchant...deceased

(1) FATUBAI, widow of Heptulla Esoofally of Surat Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Begumpura, Surat, (2) MAHOMEDBHAI HEPTULLA, also of Bombay, Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Middle Colaba (3) KAMRUDDIN ISABHAI, of Bombay, Borah Inhabitant, residing at Bazar Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay Executors of the Will of the said deceased according to the tenor thereof ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this nineteenth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen and in the ninth year of our reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 20th day of November, 1918.
(Sd.) MEHTA DALPATRAM & LALJEE.
3442

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AN INTESTATE PROPERTIES.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, to-morrow SATURDAY, the 7th December, 1918, at 2 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at the Police Commissioner's Office opposite Crawford Market, a quantity of unclaimed and unserviceable properties arms and ammunitions.

A deposit, of 50 per cent., will be required at the time of sale.

To-morrow SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of Grey and Coloured piece-goods etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred Vis-a-Vis. in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred Victoria. in good order.
1 Grey Arab Horse, aged, quiet in harness.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

To-morrow, SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 2.30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Narayen Dabu'kar Road, Malabar Hill very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood household furniture, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, almyrahs, fancy teapoys writing tables, chests of drawers, dressing and wash-hand stands, cloth and gown presses, brass and iron bedsteads, bentwood chairs, double meatsafes, etc., etc the property of J. E. C. Jukes, Esq., I.C.S.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Ardmore" No. 25 New Marine Lines next to Assistant Commander, Royal Engineer's Office (where the kit has been removed for sale) valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood household furniture, dining table arm and without arm chairs, large sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas and chairs, single and double glass door almyrahs, dressing and washhand tables, dressing chest of drawers, chival glass, soil linen baskets, easy chairs, towel horses, single and double bedsteads, glass door bookcases, fancy teapoys, double meatsafes, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of George T. Cassie, Esq., and others.

The property of another gentleman one 20-35 H.P., 4-cylinder, 7 seater, Hudson Motor Car, Bosch Magneto, in working order.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

A VERY GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BUYING WELL BRED HUNTERS HACKS AND POLO PONIES, AND HACKNEY HORSES.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on THURSDAY, the 12th instant sell by Public Auction at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at Messrs. R. Scott and Co.'s yard at Gowalia Tank Road by order of the concerned.

(1) Flee bitten greay waler gelding nine years 15-2 H. H. and excellent hunter regularly hunted for three seasons with Bombay hounds by a lady perfect mouth and manners has been opperated on his wind pipe and has been working with the tube without any trouble since last 2-2½ years.

(2) Brown waler mare aged 15.3 H. H. a fast and reliable hunter, hunted by a lady for two seasons perfect manner and up to weight squad.

(3) Thorough bred chestnut English mare, six years 16 H. H. and exceptionally fast, comfortable to ride will make a splendid hunter.

(4) Chestnut stud bred gelding seven years 15-1 H. H. regularly hunted last season with Bombay hounds has been lately broken to harness.

(5) Bay Waler mare, eight years 14-2½ H. H. and exceptionally nice Polo pony, fast handy, and perfect manners absolutely sound

(6) Grey Arab entire, six years 14-1 H. H. a very fast and handy pony takes great interest with stick and ball, and likely to make a good polo pony perfectly sound.

(7) Black Waler mare, aged 14-3 H. H. a very handsome and reliable mare has done a good lot of district work goes in side saddle as well as in harness.

(8) Bay country bred entire six years 14-2 H. H. a very quiet and reliable hack ridden regularly on Bombay ride will do for a beginner.

(9) Bay Waler gelding 6 off 15-2 H. H. a very fast trotter, ridden and driven regularly by a lady, showy, and well mannered.

(10) Grey country bred entire, four years 14-2½ H. H. broken to Harness a very quiet and hard working horse.

All the above horses described could be seen at Messrs. R. Scott and Co., Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 6th Dec., 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
22, Medows Street.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 10th December, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S. T.), at the residence of the late Rev. T. A. Savage, at Cathedral High School, at Outram Road behind Messrs. Cox & Co., his household furniture consisting of drawing room suites, round tables, cabinets, book cases, teapoys, dining table dining chairs, side board, dumbwaiter, iron bedsteads, chest of drawers, cloth presses, dressing and washing tables, carpet, glassware, crockery, platedware, pictures and table and wall ornaments.

The goods will be on view two days previous to sale.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 11th December, 1918 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their sale rooms the following:—

By order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of the concerned.

F M 070 & Co., Bombay.—No. 8 1 case 30 dozen men's white half woollen sweaters, size 32 in., 34 in., 36 in., 38 in., 40 in. half and whole sleeves.

F M 061 H H Bombay.—No. 1, 1 case 30 dozen men's white half woollen sweaters, size 32 in. 34in., 36in., 38in., 40in., half and whole sleeves.

On account of the concerned.

6 bales each 50 rolls Bunting cloth 18in. x 40/45in, green, scarlet white, yellow, navy blue and black.

On account of the concerned.

100 boxes carbon paper foolscap size, black, blue and purple.

20 gross red and blue pencils.
20 gross carp enfers pencils.
50 gross flat and round pencils.
20 gross pen holders.
20 gross bamboo pen holders.

Miscellaneous articles consisting of one Jest fan, one 80 lbs. tent, on set of saddlery, table ornaments, such as marble figures, carved wood figurs of Ganesh and carved wood photo frames, one carria cabinet with glass on four sides, two Chinese sofas, etc.

SORABJEE CAWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th December, 1918.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STEET, FORT.
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF 125 BALES GREY YARN.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at Tambakata, Pydhonie, by order of Mr. Abdool Tayeb, Ismailji Musketi and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties the following goods:—

On account and at the risk of Sha Gordhandas Damodar:—

100 bales grey yarn No. 10½ Shapoorji Mill.

On account and at the risk of Sha Keshavelal Poorjabhai:—

25 bales grey yarn No. 10 David Mill.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 10th December, 1918, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises the materials for removal of the following building:—

Building St. Nos. 194-200, 5-9, 11-17, 13-15, 195-203, 185-193, Case Nos. 98, 137, 138, 143, 343, 344, 1st and 2nd Nowroji Hill Road.

AUCTION SALE of Mule Stalls, Wood Cuttings and Iron Tanks.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 9th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at the B. I. S. N. Co.'s Dockyard, Mazagon, the following goods:—

Mule stalls, Wood cuttings, and Iron Tanks.

AUCTION SALE of Old and Unserviceable Materials and Stores at the G. I. P. Railway Stores Depot, Parel.

On WEDNESDAY, the 18th December, 1918 at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel.

A quantity of old and unserviceable materials and stores, consisting of empty casks, K. oil tins, lamps of sorts, brackets, drums, paint kegs, varnish tins, C. I. buckets, forges old files, hoop iron, trolly wheels, Manilla rope, leather cuttings, cloth cuttings, canvas and leather pipes, I. R. piping and rubber pipes, vacuum pipes, clocks and watches, leather, hammers, augers, locks, glass scrap, ink bottles, empty tin lining and sundry other stores.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down and the balance must be paid and the materials removed within 14 days from the day of sale failing which ground rent will be charged by the Railway Company.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 BALES YARNS.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 9th December, 1918, at 1 p.m. (S.T.), at Pydhoni Tambakata, near Hanuman Mandir, by order of Mr. Ramchander Beinath, the following goods on account and at the risk of the undermentioned dealers.

On account and at the risk of Sha Chotalal Khusaldas.

25 bales yarns No. 10½ Sir Shapurji Mill.
25 bales yarns No. 10 David Mill.

On account and at the risk of Sha Chunilal Ghirdharlal.

50 bales yarns No. 10 David Mill.

MENESSE & CO.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 6th December, 1918.

AMUSEMENTS.

Bombay's Popular Picture Palace

THE MAJESTIC

Tram Terminus, Girgaum
presents to-day and during the week
FURTHER NEW PARTS—(Ep. 9-10-11)
The popular Universal Serial

THE RED ACE

featuring

Marie Walcamp

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

COMING!
THE
HOUSE OF HATE
Featuring
PEARL WHITE
AT
IMPERIAL
December 7th.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Lessees:—The Excelsior Theatres Co. Ltd.
9-30 TO-NIGHT 9-30
Bandman Opera Co.
in a series of popular London Musical Successes.

To-day Friday 6th Dec. at 9-30
"The Bing Boys are Here"

Saturday 7th December at 9-30
YES UNCLE

Sunday 8th Dec. at 5-30
Reduced Price Matinee
"THE BING BOYS ARE HERE"

Booking at ROSE & Co. up to 6 p. m. and after 7 p. m. at the Theatre.
Booking by Tel. (No. 288) must be taken up before 9-15 p. m.
Daily at 6-30 p. m.
New Pathe play
"THE DEVIL'S SONATA"

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

Owing to the huge demand for seats at the
EMPIRE THEATRE
there will be a special
FAREWELL CONCERT
by the
WORLD-FAMOUS TRIO
CHERNIAVSKYS
Sunday Dec. 8th at 9-30 p.m.
BOOKING AT ROSE & Co.

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay
TO-NIGHT
A PATHE COLOUR DRAMA
"A TRAGEDY IN THE CLOUDS"
A sensational episode of modern warfare
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest
LONESOME LUKE
in
"WE NEVER SLEEP"
Comedy in 2 Acts.

NOTICE.—Owing to some alterations our Balcony will be closed from Monday the 2nd Dec. to Friday the 6th. New tip-up chairs, tiled flooring and many other improvements will be effected.

Next week
PEARL WHITE
in
"THE HOUSE OF HATE"

TIME—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
MATINEE—Every Sat. & Sunday 5-30 p. m.
EXTRA SHOW—Every Sunday
3-30 p. m. daily.
POPULAR PRICES.

NOTICE.
Two Rows of the Reserved Class will be specially kept for our Balcony Patrons.

LAST CHANCE TO-DAY!
"A Daughter of Uncle Sam'
bids you farewell to-night! You have seen with amazement her wonderous feats to baffle German Agents in her Motherland, and her crowning daring deeds which, once for all, abolished the hated German Espionage System from America.

Last Four Parts—5,000 feet—for the last time to-day at the

CINEMA PRECIOUS

(Grant Road Tram Terminus)

The Programme includes the Universal Screen Magazine and "Charlie as the Count!" (Comedy in 2 parts).

Three Shows to-night 7; 8-45; 10-30 p.m

LOOK OUT

for our big announcement in To-morrow's "Times of India" concerning the new Superb Pathe Detective Serial of Romance, Adventure and Humanity.

"The Mark of Mystery"
OR
THE RED CIRCLE

Commencing To-morrow Saturday 7ht December.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

WESTINGHOUSE

ALTERNATING AND DIRECT CURRENT, CEILING, DESK AND BRACKET FANS, VOLTMETERS & AMMETERS.

A. C. & D. C. MOTORS, MOTOR GENERATORS, AND DYNAMOS.

WIRES, CABLES AND FLEXIBLE CORDS OF ALL GRADES & SIZES.

WESTINGHOUSE

Carbon and Metal Filament

All Voltages and Candle Powers **LAMPS** Holland and American made

Efficiency—Strength—Reliability—Brilliancy and Current Consumption all Guaranteed in these Lamps

Venus Electric Company

Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

P. O. BOX 309.

FANCY BRACKETS ELECTROLIERS, CEILING FITTINGS, TABLE LAMPS, HAND LAMPS, ELECTRIC IRONS, PORCELAIN OPAL, COLORED & FANCY SHADES, S. P. & D. P. TUMBLER SWITCHES, KNIFE SWITCHES, HAND GRIP FUSES, ETC.

A Visit to our Show Rooms Solicited.

THE EMPIRE TO-DAY AT 8-15 & 10 p.m. ONLY.

The Adventures of STINGAREE

THE GENTLEMAN BUSH-RANGER

2 DASHING ADVENTURES THIS WEEK 2

THE LATEST AMERICAN MAX LINDER COMEDY

"MAX WANTS A DIVORCE"

Max Linder Latest Knockabout Farce

NO 6-30 SHOW TO-DAY.

EMPIRE THEATRE

Lessees: The Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY 8th Dec. at 9-30.

RETURN OF THE WORLD-FAMOUS TRIO

LEO—JAN—MICHEL

(VIOLINIST) (PIANIST) (CELLIST)

CHERNIARSKY TRIO

Booking at Rose & Co.

CHERNIAVSKY TRIO.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

ROUSING RECEPTION OF THE

HUMPHREY-BISHOP

COMEDY AND OPERATIC CO.

SCORE ANOTHER HUGE SUCCESS

TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT

BY GENERAL REQUEST

"IL TROVATORE" (EXCERPTS)

and

"TIT-BITS FROM VAUDEVILLE."

Comprising

LATEST RAGS! REFINED COMEDY! ROUSING CHORUSES!

DELIGHTFUL DANCING! EXCELLENT SINGING! MELODIOUS ENSEMBLES!

"SOME SHOW" "SOME SHOW."

MATINEE SATURDAY AT 5-30 P.M.

SPECIAL MATINEE SUNDAY AT 5-30 SPECIAL MATINEE

PRICES—Night:—Orchestra Stalls Rs. 5, Stalls Rs. 4, D. Circle Rs. 3, Balcony Rs. 2. Gallery Re. 1 and Boxes from Rs. 15 and upwards. Matinee:—O. Stalls Rs. 3, Stalls Rs. 2, D. Circle Re. 1-8, Balcony Re. 1, Gallery As. 8 and Boxes from Rs. 12 and upwards.

BOOKING AT ROSE & CO.

To-day at 6-30 p.m. only

A SPLENDID PICTURE PROGRAMME.

BERNARD DUDLEY AND MARIE BLANCHE

in A 5-Reel Harma Photoplay:

"THE GREAT IMPOSTOR"

An adventurous and exciting drama adapted for the Cinema from the story of the same title by REUBEN GILMER.

Popular Prices:—Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4. Box seats Rs. 2. Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5.

IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT TAXI CARS AND VICTORIAS ARE ALWAYS AVAILABLE AT THE DOORS OF ROYAL OPERA HOUSE AT THE CLOSE OF ALL PERFORMANCES. IF THE PATRONS DESIRE THE STAFF WILL SECURE VEHICLES FOR THEM. IT IS INADVISABLE TO LEAVE THE PRESCINCTS IN THE EXPECTATION OF GETTING A CHANCE CONVEYANCE.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Thursday, Nov. 28th.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

	£		£
Total Bullion	75,800,000	Inc.	600,000
Public Deposits	30,400,000	,,	700,000
Other do.	143,700,000	,,	1,000,000
Govt. Securities	62,600,000	,,	200,000
Other do.	101,000,000	,,	1,100,000
Notes and Gold	25,300,000	Dec.	100,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 16 % of the Liabilities.

The Indian Mails with dates of and upto 24th October (Bombay) were delivered in London on 28th Nov.

MONEY MARKET.

London, Nov. 28th.

Rentes 3 %		53
Bar Silver Spot		48 3/4
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.		
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917		
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.		2 1/2
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.		2 1/2
,, FineTrade Bills 3 months		4 1/4
,, ,, ,, 6 ,,		4 5/8
Interest day to day loans		2
,, 7 day day market loans		3 1/2
Consols 2½ %		39½
Rupee Paper 2½ % Nominal		54
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan		71½
Government Securities 3 %		61¼
Ex. On London at Paris Francs		25.87½

WAR LOANS.

London, Nov. 28th.

3½ % 1925—1928	£88
4½ % 1925—1945	£89½
5 % New	£94½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Nov. 28th.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£123
Standard Copper G. M. B. Nominal	£122½
Hard Spelter	Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Buyers	20
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Buyers	21/9

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Dec.-Jan. Sellers	2/9½
Plantation First Latex Crete Dec. Sellers	2/4½

Tone:—Quieter.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

The Marwadi bazar opened at Rs. 541 for Fully Good Broach April-May, advanced to Rs. 546, declined to Rs. 540/41 and again advanced to Rs. 545-6. Later on there was a further rise to Rs. 550, and the rate then dropped to Rs. 544, touched Rs. 541 and advanced to Rs. 555. At 4-15 p.m., the price was Rs. 553. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 555, advanced to Rs. 558, declined to Rs. 554 and after further fluctuations closed as under. Though changes have occurred the general tone is steadier.

Ready cotton is also steadier, but the enquiry is still moderate.

QUOTATIONS 5-30 P. M.

Fully good Broach	April-May	Rs. 551
Fully good Bengal	Dec.-Jan.	,, 425
Fine Oomras	Dec.-Jan.	,, 513

COTTON CONTRACTS COMMITTEE.

QUOTATIONS, 5TH DECEMBER 1918.

		Rs
Fully Good M. G. Broach	April-May	556
Fully Good M. G. Bengal	Dec.-Jan.	430
Fine M. G. Oomras	,,	525
Fully Good M. G. Oomras	,,	500

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m., on 4th Dec 1918.

Cotton	5,419 bales
Wheat	8,068 Cwts.
Linseed	24,637 ,,
Gingellyseeds	3,731 ,,
Poppyseed	3,845 ,,
Groundnuts	1,650 ,,
Castorseed	2,439 ,,
Rice	7,386 ,,
Myraballams	150,427 ,,
Cottonseed	1,100 ,,
Mowraseed	11,674 ,,
Gram	334 ,,
Jowar	3,609 ,,
Maize	16 ,,
Barley	315 ,,

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Dec. 5th—5-30 p.m.

	Bazar Terms Rs. as. p.	Railway Delivery. Rs. as. p.
Wheat White Delhi 70-35	78 0 0	11 2 0
,, ,, Cawnpore 70-30	75 0 0	11 1 0
,, Karachi Bangla	82 0 0	11 2 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	12 2 0	12 10 0
,, ,, Cawnpore	12 0 0	12 8 0
,, Yellow Cawnpore	13 2 0	13 10 0
Linseed Brown Bold	13 0 0	13 8 0
,, Thin	12 9 0	13 1 0
Feelseed, White 85-15	89 0 0	100 8 0
,, Gajai 75-25		
,, Gajai 50-50		
,, Black	82 0 0	15 0 0
Poppyseed, White	14 4 0	7 0 0
Groundnuts	91 0 0	12 0 0
Mowraseed	6 12 0	
Sarlo	46 0 0	
Castorseed	59 0 0	
Forward,		
Wheat April-May	8 5 3	
Linseed May	14 12 0	

BOMBAY & CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Dec 5th, 1918.

	Rate per lb. Rs. as. p.
Davids No. 10	0 15 0
Imperial No. 10	0 14 3
Simplex No. 10	0 14 0
Edward No. 10	0 13 0
Light Houses No. 6½	0 10 0

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 5th, 1918.

	Market Rat
Bank Telegraphic	1 5 15
Bank Demand	1 6 1
Bank Acceptance 3 m/s	1 6 3½
Fcs. Demand	182½
American Dollars	379½
Hongkong	228½
Shanghai	354
Japan	165
Singapore	156½

Market Steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, Dec. 5.

BULLION.

Bar Gold, Rs. 28-3-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London, 1/5 15/16.
D. D. on London, 1/6 1/32.
Credit 3 Msd/a, 1/6 13/32.
D. D. on France, Fr. 194.
Credit 3 Msd/a, Fr. 202.
T. T. on Japan, Rs. 150-8.
60 D/st Japan, Rs. 143-4.
D. D. on Hongkong, Rs. 223-8.
D. D. on Shanghai, Rs. 349.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 247.
D. D. on New York Rs. 279-8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 93.
5½ per cent. War bonds 1920-22 99.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 83.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 95.
3½ per cent. Paper 79.
4½ per cent. Port Trust Long dated due 1926 89.
4 per cent. Port Trust Long dated 85.
4 per cent. Municipal Long dated 84.
4 per cent. Municipal Short dated 90.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust Long dated 83.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 93.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 92½.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

SHARES.

Market was fairly firm during the day but eased off towards the close.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 1,240, Swan 510, Simplex 635, Shahpurji 110, Pearl 490, New Greats 280, Madhowji 1,845, Luxmi Cotton 1,450, Kohinoor 1,040, Currimbhoy 315, Kastoorchand 960, Ind. Bleaching 157-8, Finlay 410, Fazulbhoy 627-8, Davids 555, Crescent 192-8, Colaba 1,480, Century 360, Nagpur 2,115, By. Cotton 545, By. Uniteds 775, By. Dyeing 1,215, Bundi 25, Ind. Cement 305, Katni Ord. 235, Katni Defd. 1,245, Tata New Defd. 350, Tata Old Defd. 940. Tata Ord. 217-8, Shivrajpur 33-8, Alcocks 720, By. Burma 757-8, By. Tramway 440, By. Steam 312-8, Tata Hydro: 1,130.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 1,535, Swan 510, Simplex 635, Shahpurji 110, Pearl 490, New Great 280, Madhowji 1,845, Century 360, Kohinoor 1,030, Ind. Bleeching 155, Finaly 410, Fazulbhoy 625, David 555, Currimbhoy 317-8, Crescent 190, Colaba 1,480, Century 360, Nagpur 2,150, B. Cotton 545, By. Dyeing 1,215, Bundi 25, Ind. Cement 305, Katni Ord. 230, Katni Defd. 1,250, Shivrajpur 3,342, Tata New Ord. 85 Tata Old Defd. 942-8, Tata New Defd. 350, Alcock 720, By. Burma 745, By. Tramway 440, By. Steam 312-8, Tata Hydro: 1,130.

THE DARE-DEVIL ADVENTURES OF "CIGARETTE"

the pet of a French Regiment in Algiers, to save her lover from an unjust and horrid death, are evoking unstinted admiration from thousands of spectators, who see her glorious deeds at the

WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

this Week. William Fox has brought to bear all his ability and resources on the production of

"CIGARETTE"

OR

"UNDER TWO FLAGS"

(6000 feet.)

The interesting Drama is quite worthy of the name of the great Cinema Magnate.

Four Shows To-night—5-30; 7; 8-45; 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

He comes! He comes!! To-morrow—Saturday!

The Iron Man of Hate, Revenge, Justice and—Love

"JUDEX"

At the repeated and earnest demand of our numerous Patrons this Mighty and gripping serial will be repeated at the West-End Cinema to-morrow Eight parts every Week. Look out for further advertisements.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

DECEMBER, 4TH.

S.S. SINVU—Reid—Rangoon Nov. 23.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Wednesday, 4th December, 1918.

Shed.	Steamer	Tons.	Destination.	Date	Agent
	PRINCES DOCK.				
A.	H.T.Burrumbert	1561	N.F.	..N. F...	D R I M
B.	Taian Maru...	1849	Kobe	6-12-18	N.Y. Kaisha
C.	Dilwara.....	3450	China.....	N. F.	M.M. & Co
F.	Banca.....	3795	Rangoon ..	N F	..
G.	S.S. Linga ..	856	.. ..	..	..M M & Co
K.	St. Geran ..	500	Not fixed...	N F	..M B Kaisha
M	Magdalena ..	2989	Not fixed..	N T	.. T M & Co
N.	City of Chester	3521	Hull.....	N F	..K N & Co
	VICTORIA DOCK.				
1	Palamcotta..	2288	Not Fixed..	N F	..W M & Co
2	Unkai Maru No. 3	2083	Busrah	..6-12-18.	H S Shustry & Co
3	H W S Northbrook	2972	N. F.	4-12-18.	..D R I M
4	Shokwo Maru	1904	Not fixed	.. N F	..O S Kaisha
6	Kasado Maru	3725	Kobe	.. N F	..O S Kaisha
7	Sumatra .. Maru.	4258	Kobe	..9-12-18	O S Kaisha
9	Burma Maru.	2823	Java	.. N F..	O S Kaisha
10	War Bittern.	3150	Not fixed	.. N F..	W & A Graham & Co
15	Layani ..	2627	P. Gulf	.. N F..	H S Shustry & Co
16	Shushtar ..	1718	Suez..	.. N F..	P G S & Co
	HARBOUR WALL.				
	Netravali ..	899	Not fixed	.. N F..	B S N & Co
	Ponani ..	552	Not fixed	.. N F..	
	Oporto ..	459	Not fixed	.. N F..	
	Sabarmati ..	523	Not fixed	.. N F..	
	Mahanadi ..	549	Not fixed	.. N F..	
	MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.				
H.T.	Jehangir ..	5206	5-12-18.	.. ..	D R I M
	ALEXANDRA DOCK.				
1	H T Ekma ..	2356	N F	.. N F..	M M & Co
3	H T Kiakiang	1228	N F	.. N F..	D R I M
4	H T Fooksang	1957	N F	.. N F..	D R I M
5	H T Sandakan	1711	N F	.. N F..	D R I M
6	H T Nawab..	3332	N F	.. N F..	T M & Co
7	S S Clan Cacviear	3021	N F	15-12-18	J F & Co
8	S S Tanfield ..	2700	London	9-12-18	M M & Co
10	H T Hopsang	1349	NF	.. N F..	D R I M
11	S S Kaveri ..	553	Marmagoa	..4-12-18	K N & Co
13	S S Courland ..	760	Marmagoa	..5-12-18	K N & Co
12	H T Syria ..	4246	N F	.. N F..	D R I M
13	H T Kwangse..	1228	NF	.. N F..	D R I M
18	H T Sisuvan ..	736	NF	.. N F..	D R I M
15	H T Kajang ..	1266	NF	.. N F..	D R I M
17	H T Boulama ..	1625	NF	.. N F..	D R I M
18	H S Loyalty ..	3093	NF	.. T Shapurji	
	OFF SIDE JETTY.				
	Tsinan ..	1400	NF	.. N F	
	ALEX. DOCK HARBOUR WALL.				
	O. S. Singu ..	1912	NF	.. NF..	Shaw Wallace & Co
	HUGHES DRY DOCK				
H T	Trevethoe ..	4248	NF	5-12-18	M M & co
	IN THE STREAM.				
	Querimba ..	4937	Le Grand ..		
	Lightning ..	2153	Grand ..		

The O. S. K. steamer Celebes Maru (outward bound) left Singapore on the 4th instant for Colombo.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, Dec. 5th.

Total up-to-date.

War Bonds	Rs. 70,400-0	Rs. 19,7 ,475-0	
Cash Certificates	,, 976-8	,, 6,93,959-4	
Total ..	71,376-8	26,71,434-4	

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.

TO-NIGHT!

THIRD INSTALMENT

3 NEW EPISODES 3

OF UNIVERSAL'S TRUMP SERIAL

THE RED ACE

starring

Marie Walcamp

Episodes 9-10-11

3 Shows Nightly at 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

SAFETY RAZOR BLADES

RESHARPENED

Gillette, Clemak, Auto &c. Re. 1-2 doz. Under six As. 2 each. Thick Blades As. 4 each. Razors As. 8 each. All Post Free. HAIR CLIPPERS, Sharpened, Toilet Re. 1 each Horse Rs. 2 each. Electroplating done. MATHEWS & Co., 86, Medows St. (Op. Taraporevala) Bombay.

INFLUENZA

Registered Trade Mark.

At all times and under prevailing conditions of the epidemic, try our "Imperial Fever and Ague Mixture." Consistent with the ingredients used, it is the cheapest in the market. Used in all fever cases.

Sole Manufacturers:

The Imperial Chemical Works,

JACOB CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

For EXPECTED INFLUENZA Stock

AMRUT COUGH SYRUP

and

AMRUT BALM.

AMRUT PHARMACY

NAGPUR & YEOTMAL.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

QUESTION OF ALIMONY.

LOWER COURT'S DECISION REVERSED.

Chimanlal Karsondas Mehta v. Manglabai.
(Before Justice Heaton and Pratt.)

This was a criminal application for revision against the decision of Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate Bombay. The Magistrate ordered that the husband should pay his wife Rs. 42 per mensem for her maintenance under Section 488 of the Criminal Procedure Code and further directed that the order to take effect from April 1918. The facts are briefly these:—On the 15th of May 1916 Chimanlal and his wife Manglabai executed an agreement of separation by mutual consent. After the agreement the wife left the husband's house in June 1916 and since then had been receiving maintenance from him first at the rate of Rs. 25 per month as specified in the agreement and later at an enhanced rate of Rs. 30 per month. In February 1918 she made an application to the Chief Presidency Magistrate asking that her maintenance allowance should be raised and adding that she was willing to live with her husband. The Magistrate felt that he had no jurisdiction to entertain the application as the parties lived apart by mutual consent. The petitioner, however, offered to increase the alimony to Rs. 35 if his wife promised not to trouble him in future. The wife had at first declined the offer but when the Magistrate discharged her application on the ground stated above, she changed her mind and accepted the offer and a note was accordingly made of the fact. Afterwards the wife made the present application on the 4th July 1918 praying that her husband be ordered to allow her maintenance at the rate of Rs. 50 per mensem and again adding that she was anxious to live with her husband. The Magistrate ordered the husband to pay his wife Rs. 42 per mensem for her maintenance.

Their Lordships observed that the Magistrate, although he had dismissed the application of 26th February 1918 for want of jurisdiction decided that he had jurisdiction to entertain the present one, and the reasons he gave appeared to be to, first that the case was governed by that of Gulbai (Criminal Rulings of 5th March 1888) and second that the wife expressed her willingness to return to her husband. The case in the Criminal Rulings was not in point, for there the original order of maintenance was an order made by the Magistrate under section 488 Criminal Procedure Code, and the agreement rate was one which the parties had come to by mutual consent instead of having the original order modified by a fresh order under Section 489 of the Code. There was no suggestion in the case that the parties were living separately by mutual consent. As to the second reason, if it was true that the parties were living separate by mutual consent by reason of the agreement executed on the 15th of May, 1916, the more fact that the wife repented of the agreement had not the effect of rescinding the agreement or of restoring the Magistrate's jurisdiction. The Government Pleader feeling that the Magistrate's order could not be supported for the reasons he gave, urged that the parties were not living apart by mutual consent and that the agreement of the 15th March was one to which the wife never consented and which had not been acted upon. But that was not the case set up before the Magistrate and it seemed to their Lordships that the woman was stopped by her own conduct from raising that plea, for she had received maintenance from her husband for two years and when she came to Court in February 1918 her chief prayer was that the amount of maintenance should be increased. Their Lordships therefore reversed the order of the Magistrate without prejudice to the rights that the wife might have to maintenance either under the general law or under the agreement of May 1916, or promise made by the applicant in the Magistrate's Court in 1918.

Mr. G. S. Mulgaoker appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR FRIDAY, THE 6TH OF DECEMBER, 1918.

BEFORE THE HON MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

725-18—Dharamse & Co., Ambaji Gangaram Saiboo & ors. v. Kasturchand Dhulaji Mehta D & L.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSE.

717-17—Captain and V, Fazalbhai Peermahomed v The Planet Mills Ld, Edgelow G W & Co, Part Heard.

FOR FRAMING OF ISSUES.

86-17—Payne and Co., Haji Cassum Maneck alias Haji Killoo Maneck v. Nawab Behramjung Behram-ud Dowlah Bhadur, Pandia & Co., Not to be called on till 9-12-18.
NOT BEFORE 3-30 P. M.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

1342-18—Malvi M R & Co, Nursey Monji v Jagabhai Dalpatbhai a firm, N C Dalal.

LONG CAUSES.

78-17—Wadia G and Co, Rastam Hormusji v Knurshedji Nusserwanji Wadia and ors, M B Chothia.

510-16—Manilal and K, Bajaji Bapuji a firm v R D Sethna, Ardeshir H D & Co.

1305-17—Payne and Co, Khan Bahadur Haji Abdul Rehman Haji Mahomed Kadwani & ors v Shankersing Nowrangsing, Shamrao M and H.

1318-17—Shamrao M & H, Shankersing Nowrangsing v Bai Rehmatbai widow & ors, Payne and Co.

1337-14—Khambatta & Co, Purshotam Krishna Vete, v Pandurang Yeshwant Vete and ors, Khambatta & Co.

968-17—N C Dalal, Viraji Keraji a firm v Purshotam Madan a firm, Soonderdas & Co.

867-17—Craigie B & C, Revashanker Valabhji v Mathuradas Murarji a firm, Malvi M R & Co.

1142-16—Kanga and Sayani, Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer v Haji Suleman Abdul Wahed and ors, Payne and Co.

826-17—Shroff & D, Messrs. Navlaji Dipaji & Co, a firm v J F Mistry, Jamsetjee R & D.

1018-18—Rustomji and G, Haribhai Jarabhai Patel v Moosa Haji Cassam, Shroff and D.

S C Ct 745-17/2492—Manecklal and K, Hanoomanbux Harmukhrai v Jamnadas Lakhmidas, Ard H D & Co.

BEFORE THE HON MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

424-18—Nanu H & Co, Shamkerbai alias Valibai widow and anr v Jadhavji Thakersey & ors, Jehangir & S, Against 1st Deft only.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

1000-18—Motichand & D, Messrs Joravarmal Rajmal a firm v Messrs K H Kayani & Co, Ardeshir H D & Co.

LONG CAUSES.

1409-18—Bhimji & Co, Wissonji Thakersey Hanai v Manecklal Choonilal Shroff, Dubash & Co.

423-16—Hiralal Th & Co, Sarakalli Shivji Hasham v Kassam Hassani & ors, Payne & Co, Purnanand & Co, Motichand and D.

1010-15—Malvi M R & Co, Motilal Agwiram v Ladhuram Dhanraj, Motichand & D.

1073-17—Amin and Desai, Messrs Lakhmidas Jetha a firm v Bhawanji Cooverji, In person.

959-17—Khambatta & Co, Kering Rupchand & Co a firm v Peerbhoy Adamji Peerbhoy and anr, Sham M & H, Edg. G W & Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE HAYWARD.

In the Division Court No. 53.

AFTER THE CRIMINAL SESSIONS COURT WORK IS OVER.

SUINS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSES

705-16—Payne and Co, Govindram Ghanshamdas a firm v Juggonnath Dharmaji Patel and ors, M V Gokhale, D J Mantri, Dubash & Co, Jehangir M & S, Part Heard, 19-11-18.

1200-16—Hiralal Th & Co, Messrs Nagindas Hurgowandas & Co, a firm v The B B & C I Railway Co, Crawford B & Co.

1512-18—Patell & Eeze, Solomon Reuben Songaukar v Valli Fateh Mahomed, M B Chothia.

688-16—Captain and V, The Official Assignee v Nensukh Shivnarayen a firm, Madhowji K & Ch.

259-16—Bhaishanker K & G, Dayabhai Tapidas and ors v Khimji Walji and anr, Mehta D & L.

1101-17—Surveyor & Co, Sayyed Ibrahim Sayyed Yoosuf v Rajabally Tyebally, Jamsetji R and D

CHEATING THE TRAMWAY CO.

CONDUCTOR AND PASSENGER CONVICTED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliviera, yesterday, Mr. B. S. B. Fraser, accounts and claims officer in the employ of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, charged tramway conductor No. 592 with criminal breach of trust as a servant by receiving fare from a passenger and not issuing tickets, and Kaderdina Ibrahim with abetment. Mr. V. F. Vicaji and Mr. B. J. Dhondi appeared for the Tramway Company, and Mr. Balubhai T. Desai and Mr. Quadros defended the second accused.

It was alleged that about 8-45 p.m. on the 7th November, the second accused, with two children and a servant, entered a tram car going from Crawford Market towards Pydhownie. The car was fairly crowded. Mr. D. F. Mehta, a clerk in the traffic department of the Tramway Company, and also special inspector, was seated behind the second accused. The first accused, who had been only a month in the service of the Company and who knew Mr. Mehta only as a clerk and did not know he was also inspector, went to the second accused when the car was near Alahi Bag. Mr. Mehta who was in "mufti" at the time, heard the second accused telling the first accused not to issue tickets as he was getting down at Pydhownie. The conductor issued no tickets. He then went where the servant of the second accused was sitting and asked for fare. Thereupon the second accused told the conductor he had already paid him the fare; and the conductor passed on to other passengers. On the car reaching Pydhownie, Mr. Mehta got out of it just before it stopped, called the traffic regulator there, and asked him to examine the ticket of the second accused as he would leave the car. The traffic regulator asked the second accused for his ticket and the latter referred him to the conductor. The conductor was called and on being told he had not issued a ticket to the second accused, he got confused and admitted his fault. The second accused then took out an anna from his pocket and paid it to the traffic regulator, saying "take this third anna and now your three annas are complete." When asked to give his name, the second accused refused to do so. Mr. Mehta then called a police sepoy and asked him to ask the second accused for his name, who again refused to give his name. The two accused were then taken to the Police Station, where Mr. Mehta made his complaint against them.

THE DEFENCE.

The first accused pleaded guilty, saying he succumbed to the temptation, as he was going to issue the tickets when the passenger caught hold of his hand and told him not to issue tickets as he was going to get down at Pydhownie.

The second accused pleaded not guilty. He said he was a merchant. He had a shop. He was accompanied by his three children aged 11, 5 and 3 respectively, at the time and there was no servant with him. He gave the conductor three annas. The conductor, instead of giving tickets at once, turned to his eleven year old boy and asked him for his fare. He (the second accused) thereupon told him he had already paid the fare and feeling irritated said he did not want tickets, as the car had just then reached Pydhownie. To the traffic regulator at Pydhownie he said he had not taken tickets but had paid the fare. The conductor said he (the second accused) had paid two annas. Being ill and tired, he (the second accused) was not in a mood for discussion, so he paid the conductor another anna, saying that would make up his three annas. He never refused to give his name. When the cash in the conductor's bag was checked, it showed four annas more than were accounted for by the number of tickets actually issued.

BOTH ACCUSED CONVICTED.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced them to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 30 each.

BOMBAY'S NEW GOVERNOR

ARRANGEMENTS FOR RECEPTION.

The "Bombay Government Gazette" announces that Sir George Ambrose Lloyd, G.C.I.E., D.S.O., appointed by his Majesty the King-Emperor to be the Governor of this Presidency, is expected to arrive in Bombay at daybreak on Saturday the 14th December, 1918, by the s.s Chyebassa and will be received on arrival with all the honours due to his position.

At 8 a.m. a deputation consisting of the Chief Secretary to Government, the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor, and one of his Excellency's Aides-de-Camp will proceed on board the s.s. Chyebassa.

Sir George Lloyd will leave the s.s. Chyebassa at 8-15 a.m.

On his arrival at the steps of the Bandar, a salute of 17 guns will be fired from the Saluting Battery. A Guard of Honour of British Infantry with Band will be drawn up, and the road from the Bandar to the Flora Fountain will be lined by troops of the Garrison. A Guard of Honour with Band will be at Government House, Malabar Point.

Sir George Lloyd will be received at the Bandar by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, his Majesty's Ships and Vessels, East Indies Station, the Chief Justice of Bombay, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, the Members of Council, the Judges of the High Court, the General Officer Commanding, Southern Command, the Additional Members of the Legislative Council of his Excellency the Governor General resident in the Bombay Presidency, the Commissioner in Sind, the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay, the General Officer Commanding, Poona Division, the General Officer Commanding, Bombay Brigade, the Commissioners of Revenue and Customs, the Additional Members of the Council of his Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations, the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, the Administrator Apostolic of the Archdiocese of Bombay, the Archdeacon of Bombay, the Secretaries to Government, the Director of Public Instruction, the Accountant-General, the Heads of Departments, Civil and Military, the Collector of Bombay, the President of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, the Chairman, City of Bombay Improvement Trust, the Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, the Chairman, Bombay Port Trust, the Officers Commanding his Majesty's Ships in Harbour, and such Officers of the Royal Indian Marine as may be designated by the Director, the Officers Commanding Regiments, the Officers Commanding Units, Indian Defence Force, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, and the Sheriff of Bombay, or by such of the above high officials as are then in the Presidency Town, for whom a space marked A will be reserved.

The Consular representatives of Foreign Governments are invited to be present on the occasion, and a space marked B will be reserved for them.

Accommodation will be reserved in a space marked C at the Bandar for any Ruling Princes and Chiefs who being in Bombay may have intimated to the Secretary to Government, Political Department, their desire to be present.

As the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay has expressed its desire to present an address to Sir George Lloyd on his arrival, a space marked D will be reserved for the President and Members of the Municipal Corporation to which Sir George Lloyd will be conducted and where he will be received by the representatives of the Corporation. The Executive Engineer, Presidency, will send a card of admission to each Member of the Corporation whose name is communicated to him by the President of the Corporation.

All other Officers of his Majesty's Services, Civil, Naval, Military and the Royal Indian Marine, and Officers belonging to Corps of the Indian Defence Force, then in Bombay, who are desirous of attending, will be provided with seats so far as space is available. To all such, who wish to attend, cards of admission to space E will be supplied on application to the Executive Engineer, Presidency. The same Officer will also issue cards of admission to space A to any Heads of Departments not specified, who may intimate that they will be present. For all other officials and persons cards will be issued by the Political Department. As far as accommodation in space F is available, it will be allotted to any ladies or gentlemen who may apply for tickets to the Executive Engineer.

Sir George Lloyd will, after the presentation of the address, drive to Government House, Malabar Point, via Esplanade Road, Church Gate Street, Queen's Road, Sandhurst Bridge, Chaupati, and Walkeshwar Road, escorted by his Excellency the Governor's Body Guard, the 4th Bombay Light Horse, and a detachment of Mounted Police. No procession of carriages will be formed. The Commissioner of Police will arrange for the maintenance of order and for keeping the streets clear.

Levee dress will be worn by all Civil Officers entitled to wear uniform. Full dress white uniform will be worn by Naval Officers, Service dress by Military Officers and morning dress by others. Indian gentlemen will wear the dress they use for high ceremonial occasions.

His Excellency Lord Willingdon will take his departure for England in the steamer "Chanda" from the Apollo Bandar on Saturday the 14th December 1918.

The arrangements connected with the departure of his Excellency from Government House will be made by the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor and will be timed so that his Excellency may reach the Apollo Bander at 5 p.m.

DEPARTURE OF LORD WILLINGDON.

His Excellency, escorted by his Excellency the Governor's Body Guard, the 4th Bombay Light Horse and a detachment of Mounted Police will proceed to the Apollo Bandar via Walkeshwar Road, Chaupati, Sandhurst Bridge, Sandhurst Road, Parel Road, Kalbadevi, Cruickshank Road, Hornby Road and Esplanade Road. A Guard of Honour will be detailed under the orders of the General Officer Commanding Bombay Brigade, to receive his Excellency at the Apollo Bandar and the roads from the Flora Fountain to the Bandar will be lined by troops of the Garrison.

His Excellency will be received at the Bandar by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and other persons named in connection with the reception of Sir George Ambrose Lloyd. The arrangements for seating and presentation of Municipal address will be similar to those detailed in the case of the new Governor.

A salute of 17 guns will be fired on the embarkation taking place.

A deputation consisting of the Chief Secretary to Government the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor and one of His Excellency's Aides-de-Camp will accompany His Excellency Lord Willingdon from the Bandar to the steamer.

All honours due to the Governor of Bombay will be paid to his Excellency Lord Willingdon until he passes Aden.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Issues of 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months' Treasury Bills.

The Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras have been authorised by the Government of India to issue TREASURY BILLS for three, six, nine and twelve months.

2. These Bills will be issued in denominations of Rs. 5,000, Rs. 10,000 Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1 lakh, Rs. 5 lakhs and Rs. 10 lakhs.

3. The rates payable will be notified from time to time. The present rates are as follows:—

For three months' Bills **Rs. 98-14 per cent.** representing an annual yield as interest of 4·5512 per cent.

For six months' Bills **Rs. 97-9 per cent.** representing an annual yield as interest of 4.9967 per cent.

For nine months' Bills **Rs. 96-4 per cent.** representing an annual yield as interest of 5·1948 per cent.

For twelve months' Bills **Rs. 95 per cent.** representing an annual yield as interest of 5.2631 per cent.

4. Bills will be repayable at maturity at the Presidency Banks of issue.

5. The Bill will be in the form appended. If the name of the payee be not filled in, the Bill will be paid to the bearer; it will otherwise be payable to the payee or his order.

6. Bills can be obtained during banking hours at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras.

7. Applications for Bills will also be received at the branches of the Bank of Bengal at Cawnpore, Rangoon, Delhi and Lahore, and at the Karachi Branch of the Bank of Bombay. Transfers at par from these branches on the Head Office will be issued at above centres. Bills purchased at above centres will be paid at the branch of the Presidency Bank at which they were issued.

8. Brokerage at the rate of 1-16th per cent. on the face value of the Bill will be paid on any application submitted through any recognised broker. No brokerage will be paid in the case of Bills taken up direct by Banks.

9. The Government of India reserve the right at any time to vary the rates payable for any class of Bills, to fix a limit to the amount of Bills to be issued in any week, and to discontinue issues of any class or classes of Bills.

FORM OF BILL.

This Treasury Bill entitles.....
or order to the payment of Rs.....at the Bank of
Bengal / Bombay / Madras
out of the revenues of the Government of India on the.....
day of .....1919.

MEDICAL INSPECTION OF SCHOOL AND COLLEGES

MADRAS GOVERNMENT'S ORDERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Dec. 4.

The Government of Madras have passed orders on the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction regarding the medical inspection of schools and colleges, suggesting, among other things, that it would be useful procedure if for each large school a suitable registered medical practitioner should be engaged as a medical officer who would arrange in communication with the headmaster or other controlling authority, each term to examine newly joined pupils, the medical officer also to make periodical examination of school buildings and premises and advise school authorities regarding any sanitary defect.

REFORMS COMMITTEE.

ARRIVE IN LAHORE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Dec. 4.

Lord Southborough and members of the Reforms Committee arrived by special train this morning at about half past eight and were received by his Honour the Lieut. Governor, the Hon. Messrs. Fagan, French, Craik, King and Col. Bayley, Raja Narendra Nath, the Hon. Bakhshi Sohanlal and several others. Lord Southborough introduced the Hon. Mr. Surendranath Banerjea and others to his Honour. The party then drove to the residences of their respective hosts. Mr. Banerjea and Dr. Sapru are putting up with Raja Narendranath and Mr. Sastri with Mr. Dunichand. The Hon. Mr. Setalwad did not come.

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KALBADEVI ROAD,

BOMBAY

MARTIN'S

PEDIOL & STEEL PILLS

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Western India Turf Club "At Home." Willingdon Sports Club Grounds, 5 p.m.

Special Meeting of Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.

Saturday.

Opening ceremony of the Tuberculosis Sanatorium by their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon at the Ainha Mahal, Parel, at 5 p.m. (S. T.).

Combined meeting for thanksgiving, St. Thomas' Cathedral, Fort, 6 p.m.

Homeward English Mail closes at General Post Office, 12 noon.

Farewell Reception at Government House 6-45 p.m.

All India Championship Sports.

MONDAY, Dec. 9.

Homeward English Mail will be closed at the General Post Office, at 12 noon.

Body guard Sports at the Willingdon Sports Club 4-30 p.m.

Farewell Dinner to their Excellencies by the Members of the Legislative Council.

Mails for Muscat, Jask, Bunder-Abbas Dubai, Bushire, Charbar and Pasni close at General Post Office 9 a.m.

TUESDAY, Dec. 10.

Farewell dinner to their Excellencies by the Ruling Princes and Chiefs of the Bombay Presidency.

Farewell Official Dinner at Government House 8-30 p.m.

N SPORTS CLUB.

By kind permission of his Excellency Admiral Grant, the Naval Band will play at the Willingdon Sports Club at 5-45 p.m., on Sunday the 8th instant.

BHAGINI SAMAJI.

The weekly class for women on "Nationalism" will be conducted by Mrs. Jaijee Jehangir Petit at her residence on Pedder Lord every Friday at 5 p.m. (S. T.) from Friday the 13th instant. Ladies are requested to attend the class with the book "Nationalism," by Sir Rabindra Nath Tagore.

KSHATRIYA SOCIAL UNION.

Mr. Anant Balkrishna Sao, will give an entertainment to the members of the Union on the occasion of their conversational meeting on Sunday the 8th instant between 2-30 and 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at his bungalow on Lady Jamsetji Road, near the Church, Matunga.

RAPH NOTIFICATION.

The General Superintendent, Eastern Telegraph Company, reports that owing to cable interruptions, heavy Government traffic and shortage of staff through sickness, the Managing-Director, London, intimates that full rate and deferred cables will be subject to heavy delay.

LORD WILLINGDON'S ADMINISTRATION

Under the Joint Auspices of the Bombay Brauches of the Home Rule Leagues there will be a public meeting to-day, at Parel in the open ground near the Elphinstone Circle, at 9 p.m., (S.T.), when Messrs. Chintamanrao Vidya, Gosawi and Dr. Savarkar will address the meeting on "Lord Willingdon's Administration."

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The monthly meeting of the Society will be held at the Grant Medical College Petit Laboratory to-day at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), when Lieut.-Colonel R. Row, will deliver a lecture on "The Bacteriology of the prevailing Epidemic in Bombay with special reference to the technique of growing the Microbe in body."

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE HINDU DIVISION (S. S. L.)

All members of the Hindu Division (S. S. L.) are requested to be present in uniform on the open space at the Tram Terminus, Parel, on Saturday, 7th instant, at 4-10 p.m. (S. T.). It is proposed to march thence to Ainha Mahal, where the opening ceremony of the Sanatorium of King George V. Anti-Tuberculosis League is to take place.

MISSING ORNAMENTS.

Mr. F. Cordeiro, residing at Dadar, reports that during his absence and that of the other inmates of the house, between 11-30 a.m. and 2 p.m. the lock on the front door was forced off and gold and silver ornaments of the value of Rs. 1,500 stolen from a cupboard in his room.

Official and Personal.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon attended a meeting of the Reception Committee for welcoming returning troops on Thursday morning at the Depot and afterwards attended a meeting of the Joint War Committee of the Red Cross at the Secretariat.

His Excellency Lord Willingdon was the guest of Sir Thomas Birkett at luncheon at the Bombay Club on Thursday.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon received a Farewell Presentation from the ladies of the Bombay Presidency at the Town Hall on Thursday afternoon.

His Highness the Maharao Khengurji of Cutch is expected to arrive here by the Mail steamer to-day. His Highness will put up at "Dariya Mahal" on Nepean Sea Road.

The "Hindu" has received a cable dated London 28th November, that Mr. S. Kasturiranga Iyengar who went as a member of the Indian press deputation to Great Britain and the western front is still in England.

The Hon. Mr. G. F. Keatinge has been appointed as Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, vice Mr. B. C. Reade, pending further orders.

Mr. Allan Macleod, I.C.S., Under Secretary, Central Provinces, has been appointed officiating Additional Under Secretary to Government of India, vice Mr. Sloan, who goes on special duty in connection with the Reforms Scheme.

Colonel W. F. T. O'Connor, C.I.E., is proceeding to Nepal as Resident, vice Colonel Bayley who is retiring.

Mr. J. C. G. Bowen has been appointed to be Solicitor to Government and Public Prosecutor, Bombay, vice Mr. E. F. Nicholson, deceased.

Major D. P. Johnstone, R.A.M.C., is appointed Surgeon to H. E. the Governor of Bombay from the forenoon of the 23rd November, 1918, vice Captain C. M. Rigby, R.A.M.C., vacated.

EXPANSION OF PRIMARY EDUCATION.

GOVERNMENT TO BEAR HALF THE COST.

DISCUSSION IN CORPORATION.

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Rahimtoolah Currimbhoy presiding when consideration was given to a letter from the Government, offering to contribute one-half of the additional expenditure in regard to primary education.

On the motion of Mr. M. D. Khakhar the Corporation passed a resolution of regret at the death of Mr. Dwarkadas Lallubhai, who had been a member of the Corporation for two years.

EDUCATION EXPENSE.

The Corporation considered a letter from the Government stating:

"In reply to your letter No. 6067, dated 21st December 1917, in which you request that Government may be pleased to agree to share to the extent of one-third from year to year the enhanced expenditure proposed to be incurred in giving effect to your Schools Committee's scheme, laying down a 10 years' programme for the expansion of primary education in the City of Bombay, preparatory to the introduction of a complete system of free and compulsory primary education, I am directed to state that the Governor-in-Council after giving the question his deepest consideration has arrived at the conclusions contained in the following paragraphs. In the first place I am to say that Government are unable to accede to the hypothesis laid down in paragraph 7 of the Schools Committee's letter that the provisions of Section 62 B of the Bombay Municipal Act, III of 1888, are of a technical character, nor can they agree that the provisions of that Section in present circumstances impose any obligation upon them to bear any portion of the cost of making primary education free and compulsory in the City of Bombay, and I am further to remark in this connection that the scheme presented by your Schools Committee cannot be regarded as it stands as essentially a scheme for the introduction of free and compulsory education. The scheme appears rather to fall into two distinct parts, the first of which aims at the regular expansion and development of primary education on a voluntary basis by means of a programme extending over a considerable number of years leading up to a complete system of free and compulsory primary education described in the second part of the scheme. In these circumstances it does not in the opinion of Government seem logical to base a claim for a grant-in-aid from Government towards the expenditure involved in carrying out the preliminary stage of the Schools Committee's scheme upon the ground that free and compulsory education is to be introduced in the final stage of the scheme.

I am, therefore, to say that any financial assistance that may be given by Government should rest not so much upon the proposals of the Corporation to apply the principle of free and compulsory primary education in the not very near future as upon the more general ground that a point has been reached at which primary education in the City of Bombay can no longer be developed in a manner befitting the chief city in India without substantial contribution from the provincial revenues. As you are aware, it is the duty of the Corporation to make adequate provision for "maintaining, aiding and suitably accommodating schools for primary education, subject always to the grant of building grants by Government in accordance with the Government Grant-in-aid Code for the time being in force." You are also aware that a definite contract relating to Municipal and Government liabilities for certain local services was arrived at by agreement between Government and the Corporation, culminating in the passing of the Police Charges Act, under which the whole responsibility for expenditure on primary education was undertaken by the Corporation. This agreement has remained in force since the passing of that Act and the Corporation has defrayed the whole cost of primary education with the single exception of building grants, which have been legally placed on a different basis.

GOVERNMENT'S GRANT.

The Corporation has now approached Governmnet with the proposition that the liability involved in a scheme of substantial development of primary education in the City of Bombay leading up to the introduction of free and compulsory primary education, is too heavy a burden for local finances and has requested that Government will be pleased to make a grant of one-third of the additional expenditure involved in that scheme. I am to reply that Government on a careful consideration of the whole question share the desire of the Corporation to secure a more rapid and complete development of primary education in the City of Bombay and in consideration of the fact that the Corporation intends to spend a large sum on bringing such education to the highest possible pitch of efficiency the Governer-in-Council is prepared to waive insistence upon the full legal rights of Government under the agreement referred to above and to accept liability to contribute out of provincial revenues a liberal grant-in-aid towards the maintenance and expansion of primary education in Bombay, whether on a voluntary or a free and compulsory basis. The proposal therefore that I am directed to place before you for consideration is that the Corporation should, as proposed in its representation, continue to bear the whole of the cost of primary education up to the limit of the net budgetted expenditure during the year 1917-18 and that all additional expenditure should be shared equally, between Government and the Corporation. You will appreciate the fact that whereas the Corporation has asked for a grant of one-third only of the additional expenditure on primary education, the Governor-in-Council has decided to help towards ensuring literacy in the City of Bombay to the extent of one-half the future expenditure. Assuming the correctness of the estimate contained in the Corporation's representation, the result of this decision will be that while a grant of Rs. 6 lakhs per annum has been asked for at the end of the ten years' period, the actual grant to be given will amount to Rs. 9 lakhs. I am to point out that this liberal subvention is proposed to be made with the object of assisting the Corporation to prepare for the introduction of free and compulsory primary education and to make every future citizen of Bombay literate in one of the vernaculars. In order to bring this about Government intend to introduce legislation enabling the Corporation to introduce, when so disposed, free and compulsory primary education for boys or girls or for both throughout the City of Bombay either simultaneously or by wards or by sections of the City, as may appear suitable. In such legislation it is the intention of Government in view of their altered policy to delete Section 62 B of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, as being no longer necessary. Under the new proposal the City of Bombay will receive a grant-in-aid towadr the whole of the additional expenditure on the same principles as may be applied to other City Municipalities in this presidency and the retention of the section therefore obviously becomes unnecessary.

TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

I am to observe further that the scheme prepared by the Schools Committee does no contain any definite proposal for the training of teachers, which is in the opinion of Government insoparable from a complete scheme for the re-organization of primary education. Government have given careful consideration to this important question and have come to the conclusion that the most suitable arrangement is to continue the present system under which the Municipal schools' teachers are trained at Government training colleges and their stipends are paid by the Corporation.

Finally I am to state that in the opinon of the Governor-in-Council it would be advantageous in view of the increased responsibilities that will fall upon the Schools Committee that the body should be enlarged and strengthened by the addition of outside educationists. I am, therefore, to request that Government may be favoured with the views of the Corporation upon a proposal to amend Section 39 of the Bombay Municipal Act so as to provide that the Schools Committee shall consist of 16 members, of whom 12 shall continue to be elected by the Corporation from among the Municipal Councillors and the remaining 4, of whom two shall be ladies, shall be selected by the Corporation. The Governor-in-Council however would have no objection if the Corporation preferred to authorize the elected members of the Schools Committee to co-opt these four additional members instead of selecting them itself."

MR. SETALVAD'S MOTION.

Mr. C. H. Setalvad moved: "That the letter from the Secretary to Government, Educational Department, No. 3150, dated the 29th November 1918, be *recorded*.

"That the President be requested to convey to Lord Willingdon's Government the warm appreciation on the part of the Corporation, of the liberal offer of Government to contribute one-half of the additional expenditure over the net budgetted expenditure for primary education for the year 1917-18 that may be incurred by the Corporation in subsequent years in giving effect to any scheme of a substantial extension of primary education leading up to the introduction of free and compulsory education in the City of Bombay within a definite period, and which offer the Corporation gratefully accept.

"That the President be requested to inform Government that the Corporation approve of the legislation proposed in the latter part of para 3 of the letter of Government and to suggest that the arrangement now aimed at above for contributing one-half of the additional expenditure be embodied in the Act in plea of the first part of 62 B, the second para being retained and that with regard to the proposed amendment of Section 39 of the Bombay Municipal Act referred to in para 5 of the letter of Government that further communication will be made.

'That the Schools Committee be requested to report on the said proposed amendment of Section 39."

The speaker after giving a history of the scheme which had already been discussed, in the Corporation, and the agreement which was brought about with the Government by which the latter were to bear the police charges in exchange for the Corporation shouldering the cost of primary education in the City said, if there were to be free and compulsory education at the end of ten years, as laid down by the Corporation, they would have had to incur a heavy cost on primary education, which would not have been proper for the Government

The Corporation were bound under the Statute to bear the whole burden of primary education. If free and compulsory education were introduced into the city the Government were bound to take up one-third of the cost. At the end of ten years there would be free and compulsory education not by any compulsion, but by the free will of the Corporation. The Schools Committee had pointed out in their letter to the Corporation the difficulties with regard to financial adjustments. The present letter from the Government was a reply to the letter of the Corporation to them, and members must have observed with great gratification that the Government had decided to meet them in a very liberal spirit, indeed, in the matter, (cheers), and the speaker ventured to say that that act of Lord Willingdon's Government could will stand out as a standing monument to his Excellency and his Government and would demonstrate conclusively the very great anxiety and solicitude that the Government had shown in the extension of education. (Cheers). Instead of giving them one-third, which was all that was asked for, the Government had gone much further and had said they would meet the Corporation very liberally, that they would give the Corporation more than they asked for, and that they would give them half the charges.

GOVERNMENT'S PRINCIPLE.

The principles that had been enunciated by Government were very sound indeed, although they demurred to the interpretation of section 62(B). It was, therefore, a matter of really great gratification to the Corporation that the Government had come forward with their helping hand in a liberal manner so as to make it possible for the Corporation to attain the goal of free and compulsory education in this city at an early date. By accepting the conditions and the offer the Corporation had laid the foundation in the city of a really good system of education. The Corporation had made a real advance and progress in this city in a manner which the outside people could hardly realise. They had learned vividly by the lessons of the war that education of the masses, or the people of the country, was one of the greatest assets by which alone a nation could progress. It would have a far-reaching effect on the development of education in the city and in the country. The Government had, therefore, proposed to inroduce legislation enabling the Corporation to introduce free and compulsory education whenever it was possible for them to do so.

FREE AND COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

The object of the Corporation was to have free and compulsory education and the legislature must empower them to do so whenever it was possible for the Corporation. Things must be placed on a proper footing and it was only proper that the measure must be embodied in the statute. They need not take any further time over it by sending it to the Schools Committee, for the consent of the Schools Committee was not a condition of the offer at all, and the Corporation was not fettered with regard to that matter and they could deal with it, later on. The Corporation were going to have free and compulsory education at the end of a certain period, with the aid of this subvention. He promised to bring before the Corporation a duly considered scheme and the only thing that remained for them was to accept the offer with thanks.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia seconded and expressed his greatest satisfaction at the liberal policy of Government. He, also, gave credit to the member in charge of the portfolio because he must have induced the Government and his colleagues to give this concession.

DAWN OF NEW ERA.

The Hon. Mr. C. V. Mehta said they had entered into a new era when the Government was looking at the Corporation not in a step-motherly way, but in a most harmonious way. They must take that opportunity of sincerely thanking Lord Willingdon for not standing by the letter of the law, and coming to the assistance of the Corporation liberally.

Dr. Jehangir Cursetji, Mr. R. S. Navalker and Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy spoke in the same terms, thanking the Government for their liberality. The last speaker said the Government had always treated them with great liberality and that the present was not a new departure in the policy.

NO NEED FOR JUBILATIONS.

Mr. S. D. Navalker said they need not be very jubiliant over the Government's letter. The Government had done what they ought to have done long ago. They had done their duty, and they had done it on account of the demand made by the people of Bombay. Many meetings were held in the different parts of the city, and many demands were made by the representatives of the people for the introduction of free and compulsory education in the city. The Government had altered their policy with regard to primary edueation in the city and how much contribution they should give. He did not, therefore, know to whom they should thank for this liberal policy. Those were the signs of the times and Government had done according to the wishes of the people.

Mr. H. D. Nanavatty said, Mr. S. D. Navalker must feel thankful to Government if not for bearing half the cost, at least for the changed policy.

FEEDING OF CHILDREN.

Mr. J. A. Wadia said when they thanked the Government they must thank them as a whole and not select particular members. The Corporation would have to undertake the feeding of children in the near future and the cost would be a heavy one. They would have to receive half of that expenditure from the Government and it would be better to put it down in the proposition which was being moved.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said their gratitute was due to an old friend of the Corporation who was a member of the Government at the present time, and that was Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoolah.

'RED-LETTER DAY.'

The Hon. Sir D. E. Wacha said they must consider this was a red-letter day not only of the Municipality but also of the city. The city had not been very progressive in regard to primary education, although it was far ahead of other cities in India. By supporting education they would raise the standard of the masses. If the people were educated by and by superstition would be dispelled and people would be raised in the scale of communities. It would have the effect of bettering the sanitation of the city.

The proposition was then put to vote and carried unanimously.

MATERNITY HOSPITAL.

The Corporation also passed the following motion: That the report of the Councillors deputed to wait upon their Excellencies in connection with the offer of Rs. 5 lakhs for building a hospital for maternity and diseases of women and children in Bombay be approved and adopted and a copy be forwarded to the Commissioner for information and necessary action; that a copy of the report be forwarded to their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon with an expression of the Corporation's grateful thanks for all the trouble they had taken in the matter.

The Corporation then adjourned to Monday next.

FAMINE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

CONTROL OF PRICES OF FOOD GRAINS.

OPENING OF CHEAP GRAIN SHOPS.

The situation as regards the supply both of foodgrains and fodder has been receiving the close attention of Government with a view to alleviate the shortage of supply that exists and to prevent prices rising to a point beyond the reach of the ordinary purchaser.

The object of Government has been to provide all possible facilities for the movement of foodgrains and to keep a check on the price of the stocks thus supplied. It is the desire of Government to do so with the least possible interference with the ordinary grain trade of the country. It is in fact necessary, if any substantial success is to be attained, that the cooperation of all persons engaged in the grain trade should be fully enlisted. A standard of price for Rice in Burma has already been laid down by the Food Commissioner. Prices are to be regulated in the first place by the issue of licenses, and secondly by the issue of Priority Certificates. It is intended to give facilities for bringing grain either by sea or by rail to all persons who will undertake under a license that they will sell at such prices as may be fixed either by the Food Commissioner or the Local Government. In the case of persons resident in Bombay licenses will be issued from the office of the Director of Civil Supplies, and in the case of persons in the districts from the office of the Collector or Political Agent of the area in which they live.

BURMA RICE FOR BOMBAY.

As regards Rice from Burma, the Director of Civil Supplies has already arranged for the conveyance of about 97,000 tons in all to Bombay, of which about 40,000 tons have already arrived. This quantity has been or will be taken over by merchants who agree to sell at a price fixed by the Director, based upon the cost price in Burma. From the Rice thus received in Bombay the wants of the Presidency will be supplied, and it has also been arranged that the requirements of Baroda territory, as indicated by the Director of Civil Supplies of that State, should be met. It is extremely necessary that district dealers should come forward to take the Rice required for their districts from Bombay. Congestion in the godowns in Bombay will thus be prevented and the chance of any severe shortage in any district will be avoided.

As regards Wheat from the Punjab, merchants from the Bombay Presidency will be given Priority Certificates to bring Wheat from that Province. If they are unable to buy, they will receive the assistance of the firms working under the Food Commissioner in obtaining supplies.

As regards other Provinces, the Food Commissioner has directed that Priority Certificates previously issued in respect of grain, for which the purchase money had passed but which has not yet been received in Bombay, should be endorsed by the Director of Civil Supplies of the exporting Province. The Food Commissioner will issue a list of the Provinces and districts from which export of grain is possible and Bombay merchants may purchase in those districts up to the amount for which indents have been submitted from their district. The supply from such Provinces, however, will not be great and reliance must be based principally on Burma and the Punjab.

CONTROL OF RETAIL PRICES.

Retail dealers will not be given facilities for obtaining grain unless they agree to sell at control prices. These prices will be based upon the cost of purchase in the supplying Province and the cost of carriage to the place of sale. They will therefore depend in the main upon the selling prices in the Province of origin.

It is recognised that the retail price, even when it is controlled so as to allow only a small profit to the retailer, may be beyond the resources of the poorer consumers. For this reason the establishment of cheap grain shops by Municipalities and similar local bodies, or by charitable persons, is to be encouraged in every way. Government will be prepared to give facilities not only for the supply of grain to such shops, but for the advance of the necessary funds to start shops where a Municipality or similar local body is unable unaided to do so.

The success of these measures and the avoidance of suffering to the poorer classes will depend upon the cordial cooperation not only of persons engaged in the grain trade but of the local Committees and of the charitably inclined. This cooperation is especially necessary to ensure the movement from Bombay to the local centres of consumption.

FODDER SUPPLY.

As regards fodder, the general failure of rain has created a deficiency in supply which it is impossible to make up. Government are making arrangements to supply all the grass that is available at a cost much below the cost to Government. They can however only do so to enable cattle directly valuable for cultivation to be preserved. Government have obtained from the Military Authorities as much grass as they can spare from their stocks and they have arranged for the reservation of a large area the grass from which will be supplied solely for agricultural cattle at a price largely below the cost to Government. A special Forest Officer—Mr. D. T. Thomson—has been placed in charge of all famine grass operations. Not only is grass being sold to cultivators at much below cost price, but the cost so charged will, if necessary, be met by takavi advances.

It is hoped by these measures to alleviate and reduce the amount of loss and suffering likely to ensure from the failure of rains.

Strong Committees have been formed in every district and offers of help to those Committees from the public will be welcome.

THE WILLINGDON MEMORIAL.

WHAT THE PEOPLE THINK.

ANOTHER REMINISCENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I crave your favour for the following few lines in your most esteemed paper. Sir Eternal Verities, who has been most vociferous for some time past in his praise and glorification of H. E. Lord Willingdon, recalls in to-day's "Times of India" an incident relating to a memorial movement in favour of Lord Reay, and gives us on the authority of the late Sir P. M. Mehta, the standard by which we are to determine whether a retiring satrap is worthy of receiving a memorial at the hands of his "subjects." I do not desire to go into the merits of the arguments advanced. They may be taken for what they are worth. But, if Sir Eternal Verities or anbody else is labouring under the impression that the anti-memorial movement is unprecedented, the sooner it is wiped out the better. For the benefit of your readers I beg to recall a similar movement set on foot in Calcutta in April, 1874. It is a far cry from Calcutta to Bombay, but the incident is worth recalling. In April, 1874, a meeting was held in the Town Hall of Calcutta to vote a memorial to Lord Northbrook, the then Viceroy of India, and it was presided over by the then Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, Sir Richard Temple. When the resolution voting an address to Lord Northbrook was proposed to the meeting, a band of ten gallant patriots appeared on the scene, and opposed it. One of the immortal ten begged permission to move an amendment to the resolution on the ground that the meeting was convened by the Sheriff in the name of the citizens of Calcutta. There ensued a discussion. These responsible for convening the meeting found themselves in a most awkward and uncomfortable position, from which they endeavoured to escape by the clumsy defence that the meeting was of the "friends and admirers" of his Lordship. When an objection was raised that it was not so mentioned in the requisition to the Sheriff, there was no other course left open to the "friends and admirers" of Lord Northbrook than resorting to arbitrary proceedings. The Chairman refused to accept the amendment, and did not allow them to speak. The admirers who were 300 strong hissed out the ten protestants. That was what happened in Calcutta so far back as 1874. The example of the immortal ten is being followed in Bombay, but happily their number is very great, and the conveners of the meeting and their followers have to think twice before they resort to any arbitrary method or try to hiss out the opposers. It is a strange coincidence that the Sheriff agrees to allow only 10 seats on the platform to "the other side." Is history repeating itself?—Yours, etc.,

HIRALAL H. GANATRA.

Bombay, Dec. 4.

THE SWANSONG OF SYCOPHANTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I need offer you no appology for requesting you to publish this letter in your popular paper, in view of the frantic efforts made by the Jo-Hukumwallas to offer in their unconcealable sycophancy an undeserved certificate of merit to a retiring provincial governor who is, by the way, a well paid servant of the public. Let me remind Lord Willingdon of the old and undisputable principle that "undeserved praise is the bitterest taint." Does Lord Willingdon believe that these admirers of his genuine enough in their professions of the appreciation of his deserts? Does he really believe that a memorial coming from such cringing sycophants can serve as a true unction for his conscience? Consulting his heart he cannot for a moment doubt, that these people are ever ready to sell any thing and every thing of true worth to please the bureaucracy in whose hands lies the dispensation of titles and favours. All that they care is to please the bureaucracy. In the face of the unanswered and unanswerable criticism of Lord Willingdon's administration is it possible for anybody to conceive that a man of his Excellency's position and intelligence will take the eager and laborious praises of these weak-kneed Knights and their spineless squires, as anything but the most glaring insult. It is quite natural no doubt, that with all the opportunities for doing good to the presidency and having failed to avail himself of those opportunities, he should at this late stage wake up to the painful fact that his administration has been an entire failure (of course not from the point of view of the Sydenhamites) and they should most anxiously crave to have some expression of the appreciation of his work, no matter from whom, be they his own "admirers."

Every one must admit that the opponents of this memorial have no favours to gain, no smiles to win and no axe to grind by their bold protest against sycophancy. The fearless and honest outspokenness of the Hon. Mr. Jinnah and his compatriots marks a substantial step forward in the morality of public life in Bombay. The memorialists might by unfair and dishonourable practices succeed in securing a majority on the 11th instant, but the honour thus scraped out will be too hollow and dubious to be relished by Lord Willingdon with any sense of confidence, borne down as he will be by the consciousness of the hard fact that if the proposition were put to the uninfluenced and honest vote of the citizens of Bombay the result would be an emphatic "No." Whatever the result of this meeting, let the memorialists remember that the spirit of frankness and truth has been awakened in the Bombay public, and a repetition of similar attempts will not be tolerated. Jo-Hukumism must now die.—Yours, etc.

M. A. S.

Bombay, Dec. 4.

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LORD WILLINGDON'S ADMINISTRATION.

AN INDICTMENT AND A CONDEMNATION.

SPEECH BY

MR. B. G. HORNIMAN

AT

SHANTARAM'S CHAWL, BOMBAY

ON NOVEMBER 26TH 1918.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, 6th December, 1918.

LORD WILLINGDON AND LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

In considering the record of Lord Willingdon's administration during the past five and a half years, one of the most important departments where it is necessary carefully to consider whether the people of the Presidency have anything for which to be grateful to him is that of local self-government. The history of local self-government in this Presidency has been for decades one of hopes deferred and promises unredeemed. This bitter truth has seldom been brought home to the people more keenly than during the administration of Lord Willingdon. For, the Presidency had never before the special misfortune of having a Governor who was more profuse with verbal solicitude for the growth of the fabric of local self-government and less able to see that his repeated assurances to the people in this regard were made true than Lord Willingdon. In the circumstances of the case, this attitude of Lord Willingdon has been more potentially dangerous and actually fatal to the cause of local self-government than the undiluted obscurantism of a frank reactionary would have been. To realise this adequately it is necessary to recall that it was so long ago as in 1882 that Lord Ripon issued his memorable charter of local self-government which laid special stress on the importance of having a large preponderance of elected members on local bodies and of elected non-official Presidents; that his statesmanlike proposals were strangled at their inception by the rigid official control and the continuance of the same control contrived to paralyse popular interest and activity and, as has been well said, "tended to produce the apathy that is born of domination on the one side and dependence and deprivation of self-respect on the other"; that, in short, Provincial administrations vied with one another in defeating the purpose and requirements of his resolution both in the spirit and the letter. In this reprehensible rivalry the record of the Government of Bombay was the least creditable upto the time Lord Willingdon assumed office and no one who knows anything about the subject will hesitate—having regard especially to the profuse gubernatorial solicitude—in saying that it has remained so at the end of his "rule".

In justice to Lord Willingdon, it may be mentioned that he was not in a hurry to discard the unmitigated reactionarism of his predecessors in favour of his own special dubious brand. For, fully six months after he assumed charge of his office, his Government reported to the Government of India that in this Presidency local bodies were not sufficiently advanced to deserve an elective majority. It was, however, not long before they felt the need, in view of the growing volume of public opinion and discontent, of making a tactical change of front. More than thirty years' bitter experience had deepened the conviction in the mind of the leaders of public opinion that local self-government could not progress, could not become a living and beneficient factor in the administration, unless the people were freed from the cramping fetters of local official interference, supervision and control, that is, in short, unless the people were allowed to enjoy their birth-right in this as in other spheres of national endeavour. The Hon. Mr. Patel—to whose ceaseless and persistent advocacy is entirely due what little relative advance has been made during the last few years—gave frequent expression to the public demand in the Council by his masterly indictment of bureaucratic apathy and failure. His modest proposals for overdue advancement in a few directions were, in their inception, thwarted by the Government of Lord Willingdon—who had, in the meanwhile begun to realise the necessity of paying lip-service to the cause of local self-government—promising to "consider the feasibility" of making the advance suggested. The process of "consideration" was, as usual, prolonged, until the sheer necessity of doing something compelled them to resort to the familiar course of appointing a Committee "to consider and report on the question of the extension of the principles of local self-government in regard to local bodies." The refreshing candour with which past errors of omission and commission were confessed in the Press Note appointing the Committee went not a little way in raising the hope that at long last the Government of Lord Willingdon, till then, the most slow-moving, had honestly made up their mind to amend past apathy and failure. For, was not the admission made that the deplorable state of local self-government was "to a large extent attributable to the fact that the system of administration of the local boards still remains what it was when these bodies were first constituted under the present Act some thirty years ago and that during all that time there has been no movement in the direction of endowing them with a more liberal organization and releasing them from the guiding strings of official control?" The Majority Report of this Committee was as unsatisfactory and hesitating as the *ad interim* Resolution on it which Government issued entirely shelving the root problem of finance. The Resolution, in fact, completed the process of disillusionment of the public who realized too well that the oft-repeated solicitude of Lord Willingdon and his Government was too elusive and airy a thing to materialise into deed. Insult was added to injury when Government introduced a half-hearted proposal for piecemeal reform. The Bill was strongly opposed by non-official members of the Council who demanded its withdrawal in favour of a comprehensive and substantial measure. Lord Willingdon was, according to his wont, at great pains to insist on non-official members realizing that his Government were very solicitous about reforms and were deeply occupied in considering how these reforms were to be introduced and he went so far as to take it as a personal grievance that, in spite of the verbal assurances given on numerous occasions, honourable members should persist in taking up the time of the Council with their demands! It was not long, however before the Government had to recognize the error of their way and, at a subsequent session, to withdraw the Bill which had already been referred to a Select Committee. The plea offered was that a larger measure was then in hand and might be introduced at a not very distant date. Three days later speaking at the first non-official Local Self-Government Conference, Lord Willingdon described the contemplated measure as "a comprehensive scheme of local self-government which is to include all forms of Government, from village panchayats to district boards." This was in July last year. Since then the Special Officer appointed to make necessary investigation has completed his work, and his report though circulated among members of the Council has not been issued to the public, much less has any action been taken. Lord Willingdon's much-vaunted solicitude has thus produced practically nothing but words, words, words. Local self-government in this Presidency has remained—in spite of a small advance here and there—to all intents and purposes, what it was when he took office. Far from the results, which Lord Ripon thought practicable thirty years ago, being attained, there is to-day not a single District Board out of the total of 26 or a single Taluka Board out of the total of 215 that has been found fit to exercise the right of electing its President; there is not a single Taluka Board enjoying elective majority; there are a number of municipalities constituted half-a-century ago which have yet no elected members; again, of municipalities of all sorts, there are only a few which elect their own Presidents. To crown all, this Presidency has been the most backward as regards the mere "consideration" of the question of reviving village panchayats.

So much for Lord Willingdon's constructive work which has left local self-government virtually the sham that it has been for decades. It is, however, his destructive work in this respect which constitutes the principal count in the indictment of his "rule". It is not merely that he has pandered to the wishes of his bureaucratic masters to proceed no further than a half-measure here and a half-measure there, dangerous in its tendency to create a sense of false complacency in a seeming reform that is calculated to delay reform—in spite of the unanimous and persistent demand of public opinion for a complete change of policy and the grant of local self-government without any reservation. He has done a more grievous wrong to a people who, notwithstanding repeated promises unfulfilled and undertakings forgotten or ignored, have struggled against themselves not to lose faith in him. He has consistently sanctioned the sinister activities of local officialdom to roll the car of administration over the bodies of the people and to resist all attempt on the part of the latter to pull the ropes themselves. And worse than this, his consistent response to the protests of the people against official high-handedness and mismanagement has been either a resort to contemptuous silence or public defence of officialdom. In no sphere of administration, in fact, has he given a more lamentable evidence not merely of his utter inability to appreciate the true trend of public opinion and to realise the real needs of the people but also of his absolute incapacity or his more reprehensible indifference to see that his profuse liberal aspirations materialised. The suppression of the Hyderabad (Sind) Municipality is the *tour de force* that is a sufficient indictment of this dangerous policy. That is not all. His "reign" provides numerous illustrations to demonstrate that no Governor has helped more to make the people realise that municipal administration in this Presidency is not so much local self-government as official dictation. It is not necessary to recall the differences between the Municipal Commissioner and the Ahmedabad Municipality and the still unanswered demand of the Surat Municipality for the withdrawal of the Commissioner. We shall not refer to the suppression of two other Municipalities, nor to the abortive attempt to empower the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay to attend the School Committee's meetings and to make him an ex-officio member of the Legislative Council. The browbeating of the Dharangaon Municipality need not be referred to at length; so also the amazing instance of bureaucratic high-handedness and favouritism revealed in the attempt of the Collector of Sholapur to foist a favourite of his own on the local municipality as its Chief Officer. Sufficient to mention that local officialdom has seldom been given such unfettered license to indulge in its practice of insidiously undermining the fabric of local self-government as during the last five years. Sufficient also has been the evil of these years.

THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION'S REPORT.—V.

One of the many highly objectionable suggestions made by the Commissioners is the one according to which reports of research work have to be published first in the proposed official journal of the Scientific Service. We suppose that the Commissioners are aware of the fact that all the leading scientific journals insist that the research papers submitted to them for publication should not have been published elsewhere otherwise the papers are liable to be merely abstracted or ignored. If it is necessary that our scientific workers should have an opportunity of attaining a higher status in the international world of science, they must be allowed to publish the results of their researches in journals of established international repute. The effect of the Commissioners' recommendation would be to keep Indian talent in the background. The Commissioners, again, discuss the preparation of an extensive programme of research in India. Was that the function of the Commission? How was this labour going to assist in the immediate development of the many important industries on which the future of India depends? In the scheme presented to us we are told that specialised work for private firms and on private account should be sent to research institutes similar to the Tata Institute at Bangalore, and not to the specialised research institutions of the Government for the reason that these institutions will have more than enough work to do for the Government.

We should object to this suggestion, because the administration of these institutions, especially the Tata Research Institute at Bangalore, is anything but satisfactory. The institution was meant to serve as a practical means for nursing and encouraging Indian talent by affording every facility for research in the country itself. Instead of that it has degenerated into a mere licenced house where shelter is given at India's expense to foreign chemists and engineers in obtaining fat fees by private consultation work. The result has been that the work of the institution has been neglected. One can very well imagine how the interests of the country are served at this institution by its foreign professors from the fact that one of them was recently allowed to travel as far as China or Japan on his own work. No wonder then that till now there has not been published a single work of first class merit either by the professors or their students who are constantly neglected. Jamsedji Tata's noble gift has, in fact, been a source of appalling waste. The institution, which denies scope to men like Bose and Ray, is not expected to fulfil the high hopes of its founder or to serve any national cause. Util there is some radical change in its administration and until the professors are debarred from engaging in private work by *statute*, it is impossible to build up any hopes of its utility. It is satisfactory to note, however, that the Commissioners are not in favour of maintaining in London a laboratory for "research" work. Such work as has been done at the expense of India in London and elsewhere could very easily have been done by Indian talent in India.

The Commissioners then proceed with their suggestions as regards industrial and technical education. To this subject is devoted a very lengthy chapter which confirms our belief that they were rather more anxious about studying such problems and devising such schemes as would postpone the consideration and settlement of the real issues before them. This chapter, however, contains some very sound and helpful recommendations for improving technical education in the country, but the suggestions are more for the training of a class of competent foremen than for turning out men qualified enough for assuming responsible positions in the key industries of the country. For the training of highly-skilled men, the suggestions are very halting and insincere. For instance, we are told that "the liberal policy pursued by the Indian iron works in regard to training young Indians renders it probable that there will be little necessity to send students abroad to acquire a practical knowledge of the metallurgy of iron and steel." Liberal policy forsooth! Is this policy followed by the English Company in Bengal or the Indian iron works of the Tatas? Perhaps it is the "liberal" policy of the latter which is referred to. The public would indeed like to know the results of this "liberal" policy adopted at Sakchi. So far as we are aware, there is not a single instance in which the American administration which dominates those works has allowed the Agents to train educated Indians for responsible posts in the works. No apprenticeship systems, similar to that followed by the Agents in their Textile Mills, are permitted by these Americans and consequently not a single Indian has been trained in the manufacture of pig iron or steel. Perhaps the liberal policy consists in the founding of American fortunes and not in the training of Indians for national industries!

Notes of the Day.

"Consulting the Natives."

When profit and philanthropy go hand in hand, there is a transaction of good luck. Mr. Walter Long's view of the future of German colonies will, if realised, add enormously to the "burden" of Britain. Mr. Long did not desire to enlarge the British Empire, but he could not see any alternative solution of the problem of German colonies than inclusion in the Empire. Incidentally, they may serve as a good field for "development", which will be greatly appreciated by capitalistic exploiters, and that in a spirit of blamelessness, since Mr. Long has told them the bother could not be helped. And what of self-determination? "Where the natives had been consulted, they overwhelmingly favoured that course." "Consulting" the natives, however, is a complicated and delicate process. One wonders whether, if "the natives" were given the opportunity of understanding something about the prospects of a non-Imperial and international protectorate, they would conceivably have altered their opinion. As however in all probability they had to choose between German Rule and English Rule, they had a simple issue. But will the inclusion of the colonies in the Empire cause the "rulers" to speak of them as their "property" as Mr. Chesney, following the Anglo-Indian tradition, has done while speaking about India?

Storm in Reichstag.

"A stormy meeting of the Great Berlin Soviets in the Reichstag" is what is reported to have happened in Germany. Herr Scheidemann appeared in defence of the Government and it must have been a spectacle as sensational as it was unprecedented. We are possibly to understand that the Soviet members formed themselves into an arraigning party in the Reichstag, with Scheidemann to counsel steadiness and patience against them. While the members of the Soviets demanded the immediate convocation of the National Assembly, Scheidemann promised a course of Imperial consolidation by summoning a Central Council. The most striking feature of the internal disturbances of Germany, so far as we are permitted to know of them, is their comparative orderliness, which is to be accounted for by the fact that it is a People's Government which is the common aim of all parties. The frenzy of ignorance is happily absent, but it is disquieting to note that there is still a Kaiser-true party whose potentialities for monarchical insurgence are a danger. The Inter-Allied Conference is therefore determined on securing the extradition of the Kaiser and the Crown Prince who are fugitives in Holland.

Good Intentions!

At times of crisis, Lord Willingdon generally prefers to abdicate many of his functions of supervision and initiative, leaving it to his officers to do as they think best. The conferment of absolute power on Mr. Pratt at the Kaira crisis is a notorious case in point, but his speech at the Town Hall is another proof of his aristocratic *ennui* when he has to deal with problems of poverty and disease. No doubt he shares the aristocratic humanitarian's faculty for "slumming" in motor cars, but that does not altogether suffice to translate good intentions into action. At the Town Hall Lord Willingdon said:

> I thought I might show you what splendid work Government and Government officials have been doing during the last few months, with what energy and zeal they have been in every district endeavouring to look after the welfare and well-being of the people who are put under their charge. I have asked one of my officers to get me a full statement with regard to the exact position and with regard exactly to what Government is doing at the present time.

Lord Willingdon said that he would not trouble any one with long extracts, possibly because he had some other things to say himself or let others to say in their turn. The point to be noted is that, as is his vogue, he is content to rejoice over the report of some officer without manifesting any keenness of personal scrutiny or initiative himself. It is all a tale of good intentions.

An Undesirable Selection.

A correspondent writes to us as follows:

> "I beg to approach you with a question that concerns, in my opinion, the Muslim Public of All India. You must be aware that the All-India Muslim Educational Conference is to be held at Surat during the last week of this month, and I understand that the Hon. Mr. Salebhoy Karimji Barodawalla is appointed or is to be appointed the Chairman of the Reception Committee. You are also well aware that he is the citizen of Bombay and not of Surat. He has absolutely nothing to do with Surat. When he himself is the guest of somebody there it seems absurd that he can at the same time be a host. There are better citizens of Surat as fit as the Hon. Salebhoy Barodawalla viz., the Hon. Sardar Syad Ali Idrus, the Nabob of Surat and many others out of so many vice-presidents appointed of whom Surat City can be proud of and say that they had in their own city a man to hold that post and not that they had to go begging to a Bombay Citizen to honour them with his presidentship because they had none better in Surat. I look upon the choice of the Hon. S. K. Barodawalla as the Chairman of the Reception Committee—an inhabitant of Baroda in the past and now a citizen of Bombay—to be an insult to the people of Surat—I am also one."

We agree with the view put forward by our correspondent. But Mr. Barodawalla's selection as Chairman of the Reception Committee of an Educational Conference appears to us to be open to objection on another more vital principle, and that is that he is innocent of any claims or qualifications for that position. What on earth has he got to do with education? We trust the Moslem public of India will not be gratuitously irritated by the selection of so patently unsuitable a man as Mr. Barodawalla to be the Chairman of the Reception Committee of their Educational Conference.

The Conquest of the Air.

In 1914 Britain was able to send only sixty aeroplanes over the Channel, but in the next four years she was able to manufacture fleets totalling thousands of machines. Now in days of peace, it is likely to be less and less of a military industry, and aeroplanes will possibly be utilised even for long-distance traffic. Machines are now able to carry provision and water for weeks together, and though a non-stop flight to India is impossible, it will be a remarkable reminder of the tremendous revolution that has taken place in the world through the conquest of the air. General Salmond's flight from Cairo to Bagdad is a striking performance, but we are going to witness still greater achievements.

By Aeroplane from England.

We were told recently that arrangements were in progress for receiving at Delhi aeroplanes flying from Great Britain. Before the war, aeronautics was in the stage of infancy, and although some remarkable long distance flights were accomplished, they were still in the nature of experimental feats. The military value of aircraft was recognised only as a hazardous means for scouting purposes. There were experts who speculated upon the possibilities of long, transcontinental flights, but it is the stimulus of the war that has perfected our knowledge of aeronautics.

TISH ELECTION.

104 UNOPPOSED RETURNS HANDED IN.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE OPPOSED BY MR. AUSTIN HARRISON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec., 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

Up to this evening 104 unopposed returns have been handed in which number comprises 69 Coalitionists, 11 Labourites, 1 Nationalist, and 23 Sinn Feiners. Among the ex-Members of Parliament re-elected to their former constituencies are Mr. Arthur Balfour, Mr. Banbury, Mr. Clynes, Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Brace, Mr. Burdett-Coutts, Mr. Will Crooks, Mr. Kennedy-Jones, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Fox, Mr. Lowther (the Speaker), Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Colonel John Ward, Mr. Wardle, Mr. Spencer-Hughes, Commander Wedgwood, Sir James Dalziel, Mr. Abraham, Mr. Valera, Mr. Plunkett, Mr. Richards and Col. Yate. Mr. Austin Harrison (editor of the "English Review") has opposed Mr. Lloyd George. Mrs. Hope's nomination against Mr. Asquith has been rejected owing to informality. Mr. Bottomley yesterday secured his discharge in the Court of Bankruptcy and has been nominated for South Hackney.

GENERAL ELECTION.

NUMERICAL STRENGTH OF DIFFERENT PARTY CANDIDATES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

Up to midnight December 14th, 107 unopposed returns had come in, forty-one being Coalition Unionists and twenty-seven Coalition Liberals, twenty-seven Sinn Feiners, eleven Labourites and one Nationalist. The unprecedented number of candidates include 580 Coalitionists of whom 425 are Unionists and 125 Liberals. The remainder are Labourites and Independents. Two hundred and seventy Liberals oppose the Coalitionists. There are numerous triangular contests due to the plethora of the Labourites, numbering four hundred of various shades and the Independents including the National Party and the Discharged Soldiers' Federation. There are fourteen women candidates. One hundred and five Irish seats are contested by fifty-seven Nationalists, eighty Sinn Feiners and thirty-eight Unionists.

NEW ELECTIONS.

CANDIDATES LIKELY TO BE UNOPPOSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 5.

The Election nominations take place today. It is expected that 160 candidates will be unopposed, including Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Balfour and Mr. Clynes, also 22 Sinn Feiners in Ireland, including De Valera and Count Plunkett.

NO DANGER OF STARVATION.

SITUATION PURPOSELY EXAGGERATED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

Reports from Stockholm and Zurich affirm that there is no danger of starvation in Germany and that the situation there has been purposely exaggerated in order to arouse pity amongst the Allies.

REICHSBANK FUNDS LARGELY DEPLETED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—A Berlin telegram reports that the President of the Reichsbank states that the funds of the Bank were depleted by five thousand million marks between the 1st October and the 23rd November.

BOLSHEVIKS INTEND OCCUPYING REVAL.

BEFORE ARRIVAL OF BRITISH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

A telegram to "Le Temps" from Finland says, the Bolsheviks intend to occupy Reval before the arrival of the British squadron.

BRITISH DESTROYERS ARRIVE AT LIBAU.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 1 p.m., Dec. 5.

The British destroyers have arrived at Libau.

KING OF WURTEMBERG ABDICATES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

According to a message from Stuttgart, the King of Wurtemberg has abdicated.

EX-KAISER AND CROWN PRINCE.

DEMAND FOR HANDING OVER.

AGREED UPON AT INTER-ALLIED CONFERENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 5.

It is understood that the Inter-Allied Conference unanimously agreed to demand the handing-over of the ex-Kaiser and the Crown Prince in connection with the breaches of international law in war time.

KAISER'S PART IN DECLARING WAR.

INTERESTING REVELATIONS BY PROFESSOR WEGNER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 4 p.m. Dec. 5.

COPENHAGEN.—Professor Wegener communicates to the "Cologne Gazette" a conversation which he had with the Kaiser five days before the latter's flight. Wilhelm asserted that Bethmann-Hollweg and von Jagow were solely responsible for Germany's policy during the few weeks prior to the war. They sent him to Norway against his will and Bethmann-Hollweg told him that if he remained in Germany it would mean war for which the world would make the Kaiser responsible. He received no reports from his ministers throughout his stay in Norway and only learned what was happening in the world from the Norwegian papers. When he thus learned that British fleet had sailed he returned of his own accord and the British nearly caught him.

The Kaiser concluded by reiterating at length that Russia was responsible for the war and asserting that Russian troops were across the frontier before war was declared.

KAISER DEFINITELY RENOUNCES CROWNS.

OFFICIALS AND OFFICERS RELEASED FROM FEALTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—A telegram from Berlin says the text of the document signed by the Kaiser is published, definitely renouncing the crowns of Prussia and the Empire and releasing officials and officers from the oath of fealty.

ABDICATION ONLY PERSONAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

A telegram from Paris says it is semi-officially pointed out that the Kaiser's abdication applies only to himself.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE.

TO RENOUNCE PERSONAL RIGHTS.

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

According to the "Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" the Crown Prince is about to publish a personal renunciation of his rights. He does not mention the rights of his issue.

"KAISER-TRUE" SOLDIERS.

BURN THE RED FLAG AT KREUZNACH

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 1 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—The "Rheinische Westfaelische Zeitung" reports that "Kaiser-true" soldiers twice hauled down the red flag on the Town Hall at Kreuznach and burned it amid cheers of the crowds, who applauded the Pro-Kaiser speeches. In order to avoid bloodshed, the Workers and Soldiers Council resolved provisionally not to hoist the flag again.

CHARGE OF MURDER AGAINST KAISER.

EXTRADITION TREATY BETWEEN FRANCE AND HOLLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

PARIS.—Madame Prieur, whose husband was killed in the torpedoing of the Sussex in 1916, has lodged in the courts a charge of murder against the Kaiser. In this connection, it should be noted that an extradition treaty exists between France and Holland.

ATTACK ON EDUCATED INDIANS.

DEBATE IN EAST INDIA ASSOCIATION.

INDIAN EDITORS' SPIRITED RETORT.

PRIVILEGE AND PATRONAGE MUST GO.

(From our special Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

At the East India Association Mr Thorburn read a paper violently attacking the educated Indians and characterised the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme as Utopian.

Mr. K. R. Iyengar of the "Hindu" deprecated the misrepresentation as misleading the public and maintained that the resolutions passed at the Special sessions of the Congress and the Moslem League expressed the true Indian sentiments. The Congress deputation and Indian newspapers were unjustly banned. India unanimously regarded the Montagu Chelmsford Reforms as insufficient and Parliament should support the Congress-League amendments to the same. The Anglo-Indian reactionaries were against the Reforms.

Mr. Ghose of the "Basumati" contradicted Mr. Thorburn's half-truths and untruths. He said India had outgrown the bureaucratic administration contrived a century ago. The educated Indian truly represented Indian sentiments—India's war efforts entirely being due to them. England must show gratefulness by giving India a government of freedom, frankness and fertility instead of a government of privilege, patronage and poverty.

Mr. R. P. Karandikar observed if the Brahman autocracy had led to their fall, let the English autocracy learn the lesson, lest it should meet the same fate.

COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY ATTEMPTS.

FIELD ARMIES TO SUPPORT GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 5.

A meeting of the delegates of the field armies held at Ems resolved to support the Government against the counter-revolutionary attempts.

UNION OF MONTENEGRO AND SERBIA.

AUSTRIAN REPORT CONTRADICTED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

PARIS.—It is semi-officially announced that the Montenegrin Government has denied the Austrian report that the Montenegrin Parliament had decided to depose King Nicholas and unite Montenegro with Serbia.

HOPEFUL INDUSTRIAL PROSPECTS.

RAW MATERIALS NOT SCARCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

Mr. Roberts, Labour Minister, speaking at Cardiff, said that several industries had already changed from the war to the peace footing. Raw materials were not so scarce and shipping not so restricted as once appeared likely.

NEW FRENCH LOAN.

SUBSCRIPTIONS APPROXIMATE 20 BILLION FRANCS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

PARIS.—In the Chamber, the Minister of Finance announced that the subscriptions to the new loan approximated twenty billion francs.

MACKENSEN'S ARMY.

TO BE INTERNED IN HUNGARY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

A Budapest telegram states that Mackensen's army of 170,000 will be interned in Hungary in accordance with the demand of France.

PROBLEM OF GERMAN COLONIES.

INCLUSION IN EMPIRE ONLY SOLUTION.

MR. LONG'S SPEECH AT BRISTOL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 1 p.m., Dec. 5.

Mr. Walter Long speaking at Bristol disclosed the fact that he was a member of the Committee mentioned by the Premier on the 29th to consider the terms that should be demanded from Germany, therefore he could emphasise that the Empire had no need for anxiety on the ground of undue tenderness on the part of Great Britain and the Allies. Although he did not desire to enlarge the British Empire, he could not see any alternative solution of the problem of the German Colonies than inclusion in the Empire. Where the natives had been consulted they overwhelmingly favoured that course.

QUESTION OF INDEMNITIES FROM GERMANY.

BRITISH JURISTS FIND KAISER GUILTY OF INDICTABLE OFFENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 29.
Recd. 4 p.m. Dec. 5.

In the course of his speech at Newcastle Mr. Lloyd George said that all the Allies were now considering the question of indemnities. The Government had established a very strong expert committee representing every shade of opinion to investigate carefully. The capacity of Germany to pay France was presumably paying special attention to the question because the damage inflicted to her towns cities and country-side was extraordinarily severe.

The Government had requested the attorney- General to refer the question of the responsbility for the invasion of Belgium and the conduct of the war to some of the Greatest British jurists and they had finally concluded that the Kaiser was guilty of an indicatable offence for which he ought to be held responsible. (Cheers).

WAR COUNCIL.

COOPERATES WITH INTER-ALLIED CONFERENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 5.

It is authoritatively stated that the conclusions reached by the Inter-Allied Conference were submitted this morning to the Imperial War Council for endorsement before adoption as the agreed items of policy to be pursued at the Peace Conference. The Prime Ministers of Canada, Newfoundland and Australia, Mr. Long, Mr. Montagu and other ministers, who did not take part in the Inter-Allied Conference, attended this meeting which lasted half-an-hour, after which the Inter-Allied Conference deliberated for some time when the War Council was called in to attend a joint sitting. This lasted an hour and marked the conclusion of the Conference.

It is emphatically and unequivocally declared that the Allies absolutely agree and have the backing of the representatives of the entire British Empire. It is confidently anticipated that French and Italian opinion will support the Conference's conclusions.

Marshal Foch in the farewell message expressed his gratitude for the unforgettable reception which exactly reflected the sincere intimate union animating us on the battle-field and jointly enabled us to whack the common enemy.?

DUTCH GOVT. APPOINTS COMMISSION.

RE EX-KAISER'S POSITION IN HOLLAND

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

THE HAGUE.—The Government has appointed a commission to report on the position which the ex-Kaiser occupies in Holland and to enquire as to the relationship of the Dutch Government to legal questions, which may arise respecting his admission to and stay in Holland.

PROPOSAL FOR IMMEDIATE DECISION LOST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

THE HAGUE.—In the Second Chamber the proposal of the revolutionary Socialist Wynkoop that the question of the ex-Kaiser should be decided immediately, because it might endanger importation of foodstuffs, was defeated by 59 votes to 4.

BRITISH NAVAL DEFENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

The British had entered the Peace Conference absolutely determined that no limitations would be imposed on her right to maintain the naval defence.

LECTURE IN LONDON ON "HINDU LIFE."

"INDIA A SPIRITUAL COUNTRY."

LORD CREW'S TRIBUTE TO INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 29.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

Presiding at a lecture at the Society of Arts on "Hindu life" by Mr. Bhupendranath Basu last night, Lord Crewe said: "We are all full of admiration and gratitude for the war services of Indians. The contribution by India in men alone has been simply magnificent. The later stages of the great successes in Mesopotamia and Palestine were mainly conducted by Indian troops. (Cheers)."

India he continued was an intensely spiritual country. A distinguished German once declared to him that England was the only country in Europe which could be called in a distinct sense religious. If that were so, it might bring us into closer concert in the Indian mind. It was in the closer knowledge of the Indian mind that we must look for progress. (Applause).

Lord Carmichael said the only thing which would be better for India and the British than a better understanding of Indians by the British was a better understanding of the British by Indians. (Applause).

PROLONGATION OF ARMISTICE

ASSURANCE OF FRENCH PRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 4.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

The French press observes that owing to the slowness of the Germans to hand over locomotives and wagons it is impossible for the work to be completed before December 17th. It is practically certain that the Armistice will be prolonged and consequently that peace negotiations will be delayed. Conversations between the Allies, with President Wilson present, will probably begin on December 19th.

GERMAN SCHEME TO EXTORT CONCESSIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 4.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

Attention is drawn in the French press to the German staff's plan of preserving a small but solid army to drag out negotiations in the hope of extorting extensive concessions. The Germans are said to be so organising their foodstocks as to tide over the critical months of May and June so that during the final negotiations the Allies will be powerless to bring effective pressure to bear on Germany.

HINDENBURG TO BE ARRESTED.

DECISION OF LEIPSIG SOVIETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

COPENHAGEN.—The "Lokal-Anzeiger" declares that the Soviet at Leipsig has decided that the Army Headquarters shall be dissolved and von Hindenburg arrested.

HINDENBURG'S APPEAL TO TROOPS.

BIG SCALE LAND SETTLEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 1 p.m., Dec. 5.

Von Hindenburg has issued a proclamation to the troops appealing for patience a little longer. He announces that the preliminaries for a big scale land settlement have begun and will be expedited. It provides for the building of a hundred thousand houses upon cheaply acquired land with public funds lent at low rates for the farmers and gardeners, also the building of houses in the garden suburbs for the town workers, including those in sedentary employment.

RETIREMENT OF SOLF URGED

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL'S REQUEST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON. Nov. 30.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—A telegram from Berlin says it is officially announced that the Executive Council has requested the Council of the People's Mandatories to bring about as quickly as possible the retirement of Solf and immediately to seize all documents relating to foreign affairs and the old regime.

JAPAN'S GRATITUDE TO RUSSIA.

FOREIGN MINISTER'S ASSURANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

A telegram from Tokio dated the 26th, says Baron Uchida, the Foreign Minister in a speech at a banquet of the Allied societies, paid a tribute to the great Allies, who had humbled the arrogance of a selfish power. He said that Russia had earned an everlasting debt of gratitude, which under the Providence, Japan hoped to repay.

STORMY MEETING IN REICHSTAG.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST EXECUTIVE.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—A telegram from Berlin says there was a stormy meeting of the Great Berlin Soviets in the Reichstag. Various speakers referred to the dissensions in the executive and demanded a speedy convocation of the National Assembly. Scheidemann deprecated differences between the workers and soldiers and said a central council for the Empire would be shortly formed. He announced that Hindenburg and Groener yesterday again formally declared their unreserved adhesion to the Government. The meeting after a long debate appointed a committee to investigate the allegations against the executive.

SILESIA'S ULTIMATUM TO BERLIN.

THREAT OF SEPARATION FROM PRUSSIA

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

A message from Berlin states that the People's Council at Breslau has sent an ultimatum to Berlin demanding the immediate convocation of the Constituent Assembly and threatening that Silesia will separate from Prussia unless a satisfactory answer is received in 48 hours.

IMPERIALIST MOVEMENT IN ARMY.

CONFIRMED BY PRESIDENT OF BERLIN SOVIET.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 3-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

BERNE.—Besides the counter-revolutionary incidents reported, in several towns in Rhineland, the existence of an imperialist movement in the army is confirmed by a speech by Molkenburg, President of the Berlin Soviet, who said that a squadron of dragoons on return to barracks in Berlin on the 28th November, obeyed the order of the commander to cheer the Kaiser, while a number of the Soldiers' Councils in the vicinity of Berlin were working on behalf of reactionaries. He added that documents incriminating the old regime had been burned in the Berlin public offices.

ALLIED FOOD PROGRAMME.

AMERICA'S EFFORTS TO SAVE FROM STARVATION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.
Recd. 3-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

WASHINGTON.—The "Food Conservation Week for the relief of the World" opened yesterday with an appeal from Mr. Hoover which was read in all the churches of the country, to renew their service to mankind by helping through food conservation to feed three hundred millions in the north of France, Belgium, Central Russia, South Europe, Poland and Armenia. The appeal says:—

"The end of the war has not released the Americans from the Government's pledge to the Inter-Allied Food Council to meet the Allied food programme. The same populations must be fed and until another season has passed they cannot feed themselves. Besides supplying troops to which we are already pledged, we now have a splendid opportunity and obligation of meeting the needs of those millions in the hitherto occupied territories who are facing actual starvation."

FOURTH FRENCH WAR LOAN.

INCREASED CONFIDENCE IN FRENCH CREDIT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 4.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

The Havas agency states:—In the French Chamber of Deputies, yesterday, M. Klotz, Minister of Finance, stated that the Fourth French War Loan had produced 37,853,251,000 francs. The number of subscriptions received from abroad showed that more confidence existed now in the French credit. M. Klotz added that it was the duty of the French Government to make Germany pay compensation.

RUMANIAN ROYAL FAMILY'S RETURN.

NEW GOVERNMENT FORMED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 5.

A telegram from Bukharest dated November 30th, says the Royal Family has returned and a new Government has been formed with General Coanda as Premier.

FAREWELL TO LADY WILLINGDON.

DEMONSTRATION AT TOWN HALL.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S TRIBUTE.

The usual hoary respect of the Bombay Town Hall was yesterday evening changed into attraction and beauty with a profusion of decorations presenting a magnificent scene. The dais, were her Excellency was accommodated on a seat of velvet and gold in the midst of a galaxy of beauty bore picturesque appearance with a wilderness of refreshing flowers and foliage around. The hall was also brilliant with vari-coloured electric jets.

Her Excellency, accompanied by Mrs. Johnstone, wife of Lieut.-Colonel Johnstone, I. M. S. motored to the Town Hall at 5-30 p.m. and received an ovation as she ascended the steps, H. E. the Naval Commander-in-Chief's Band playing the first bars of the National Anthem at the same time. Lady Willingdon was met by the honorary secretaries, Mrs. Marten, Dilshad Begum and Mrs. J. B. Petit, and the honorary Treasurer, Mrs. F. S. Taleyarkhan. At the top of the steps, the Ladies of the Reception Committee consisting of H. H. Lady Ali Shah, Mrs. Gaunt, Lady Scott, Lady Jeejeebhoy, Lady Ebrahim Rahimtoola, Mrs. Shah, and Miss Cursetjee, welcomed her Excellency and conducted her to her seat on the platorm. On entering the hall her Excellency was greeted with defeaning cheers.

Before the farewell address was presented, telegrams were read from the women of Kathiawar, Cutch, Thana, East Khandesh, Alibaug, Scinde, Palanpur, Mahikantha, Dharwar and Broach, and the Maharani of Dhrangdhra, H. H. Begum of Bhopal, the Rani Sahebs of Jat, Akalkote and Miraj, H. H. the Begum of Janjira and the Ranis of Phaltan, Sangli, Bhor and Jasdan, expressing sympathy with the movement.

FAREWELL ADDRESS.

The farewell address was then read in English by Mrs. Palmer, in Urdu by H. H. Lady Ali Shah, in Guzerati by Lady Jehanghir and in Maharati by Mrs. Laud. The following was the address:—

May it please your Excellency,—

We, the women of the Bombay Presidency, have gathered here to-day to bid you farewell on your leaving Bombay, and to try and express to you a little of the devotion, gratitude and admiration that fill our hearts for all that you have done for us during your stay amongest us here.

The women of this Presidency—of every race—have indeed reason to bless the day when you first landed on Indian soil, five and a half years ago. Since then they have always been conscious of your Excellency's care for them. Amidst all the manifold duties of your high position, amidst all the war work to which you have so nobly devoted your energies, your interest in the welfare of us women has never slackened. No plan concerning the amelioration of the condition of women has ever been presented to your Excellency without gaining your entire co-operation, and we have always been conscious of your love and sympathy, which have smoothed so many rough places, and helped to fill us with friendliness one to another. We may mention in particular the Lady Willingdon Scheme, which has been so valuable not only in giving much-needed aid to women of the poorest class, but also in stimulating practical work among them by their more fortunate sisters. This Scheme will always be remembered as a striking example of your initiative and of your sympathy for women.

Big efforts like this speak for themselves, but what is perhaps equally valuable and certainly more rare, is the warm everyday personal interest that your Excellency has taken in every one of us;—nothing has been too small—nothing too insignificent to escape your attention, if it could add in the least degree to anyone's happiness. In good days you have been our inspiration, in bad days our consolation. While you have lived among us your fine courage and gracious loving kindness have won from us such response, that we have all suffered deeply with you in your sorrows, and made your joys our own. Now alas! the time for parting has come, and it fills us with sadness to think of the days that will be no longer gladdened by your presence. You will carry all hearts with you across the seas, and we try to feel some slight consolation that your departure does not involve a complete severance from India, although your work will no longer be in this presidency. The good fortune of Madras is our loss, yet we cannot but rejoice that others of our sisters will benefit by it. It is not necessary, we know, to assure your Excellency that wherever you may go the unfailing affection of Bombay will go with you, and we hope that you will keep in kindly remembrance the many friends you are leaving behind. We sincerely wish both his Excellency and you a happy voyage—a pleasant holiday—a safe and speedy return to India's shores—and for the future, all possible success, prosperity, health and happiness.

A souvenir was next presented to her Excellency on behalf of the women of the Bombay Presidency by Lady Ali Shah, Lady Petit, Mr. Curtis, Lady Fazulbhoy Curimbhoy and Lady Thakersey, and a cheque for Rs. 28,000, as part of the memorial was also presented to her Excellency. The cheque was returned by her Excellency for the purpose of its being devoted to the Famine Fund. The souvenir which adorned her Excellency consisted of a large uncut emerald of immense value weighing 275 rutis and engraved on both sides. In presenting the souvenir, H. H. the Lady Ali Shah begged her Excellency to accept the gift as a token of love from the women of the Bombay Presidency. (Loud and prolonged cheers).

LADY WILLINGDON'S REPLY.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon, who, on rising to reply to the Address, was greeted with cheers said:—

LADY WILLINGDON'S SPEECH.

H. E. Lady Willingdon said:

Ladies of the Bombay Presidency,

My heart is almost too full to let me reply, as I should wish to reply, to the kind and touching words that you have addressed to me to-day. Every word you have said is most welcome and comforting to me, for, in these sad days of parting, I have great need of all kindness all sympathy and all the affection which you so generously offer. I remember full well the feelings I had when I landed at the Apollo Bunder on April 10th, 1913. It was a very great adventure, that landing at the Apollo Bunder. I could foresee great cares, great responsibilities, great anxieties. But you will forgive me if I say that I could not then forsee all that courtesy, help, sympathy and affection, which from that day to this have constantly surrounded and supported me. You have come here to-day, as you so kindly tell me, to express to me your devotion, and gratitude. I think it is rather for me to try and express to you however small a part of the great debt of just the same kind which I owe to each and all of you. We have passed together through times of great sorrow and great joy. I think we may say without undue pride that the women of the Bombay Presidency have borne their part in the united effort of the Empire and of the Allied powers which has secured the greatest and surely the justest victory in the history of mankind. Though the sky is so bright and clear in one quarter in another it is dark and lowering. The shadow of famine overhangs the land and, among my many sorrows in parting, the keenest is that I cannot stay among you and do what I can to help you in the strenuous days that lie ahead, but I know that the women of the Bombay Presidency, who worked so nobly and so well to relieve miseries which were for the most part far from their sight across the seas, will strive not less nobly in the womanly task of relieving the poor at their own doors. In that task I can now only wish you God-speed but if anything in the work that we have done together in the past five years, in the organisation of money and effort, in the practice of mutual aid and confidence, prove of service to you in this new ordeal, I shall be richly rewarded for any small part that I have taken in them. And now I have the hardest word of all to say, that word—Goodbye. Of the happiness that I have found among you, I must be content to make my happiest memory. I thank you from the depths of my heart and say once more "Goodbye"! God bless you all.

Her Excellency was then garlanded by Lady Tata and presented by Lady Mehta with a beautiful boquet. Before leaving the Hall, her Excellency conversed with many of those present and as she left the Hall, little girls strewed flowers before her, while a corps of Army Nurses formed a guard-of-Honour along the passage and as she motored away, cheer after cheer was given for her by the pressing crowds on the steps and below the Town Hall.

MORE KUT PRISONERS ARRIVE.

Photo by Fred Mitchell.

The second batch of released Kut prisoners arrived by the Hospitalship Egypt in Bombay yesterday.

TENTH CRUISER SQUADRON'S RECORD

15,000 ENEMY SUPPLY SHIPS INTERCEPTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec., 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

Sir Eric Geddes announced that the tenth Cruiser Squadron, which had during the war guarded the route from the Orkneys to Iceland, had intercepted 15,000 ships carrying supplies to the enemy. Less than 4 per cent. of ships had ebaded the blockade.

CONFERENCE OF GERMAN GOVERNMENTS.

BAVARIAN PREMIER'S SUGGESTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—The Bavarian Premier has telegraphed to Chancellor Ebert, proposing that an immediate conference of the representatives of the German Governments be held at Jena to discuss the questions of the National Assembly, the Foreign Ministry in Berlin and the publication of documents.

GERMANY PAYS IN GOLD

12 MILLIONS STERLING FOR RESTITUTION.

OF EXTRACTIONS FROM INVADED TERRITORIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

The weekly eport of the Imperial Bank of Germany indicates that Germany paid the Allies twelve millions sterling in gold under Article 19 of the armistice, providing, *inter alia*, for restitution of cash and securities taken from the invaded territories and gold taken by Germany from Russia and Rumania.

KING'S MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT POINCARE.

PRESIDENT TO VISIT ENGLAND SHORTLY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

PARIS.—King George on the conclusion of his visit telegraphed to President Poincaré: "The magnificent welcome accorded to me in Paris will be considered by the United Kingdom and the British lands overseas as a proof that France appreciates the true value of the effort that my Empire has made in the common cause. I am convinced that the ties uniting the two nations will henceforth be indissoluble."

President Poincaré replied: "France will be as faithful in peace as in war to the *Entente Cordiale* which defeated the German imperialism and saved our liberty."

M. Poincaré concludes by hoping that he will visit England shortly.

RETURNING WAR PRISONERS

GREETED BY HER MAJESTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 5.

Queen Mary greeted the returning war prisoners at the Cannon Street station and shook hands with many of them and denounced the shameful illtreatment they had received.

BAD STATE OF RETURNING BRITISH PRISONERS

GERMAN ARMISTICE DELEGATION RESPONSIBLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—A semi-official telegram from Berlin says the British members of the Armistice commission at Spa recently declared that they would hold the German authorities without regard for the internal condition responsible for the way in which the British prisoners were arriving in the Allied lines, half-starved, ill and insufficiently clad, and the British Government in view of the excitement of public opinion in England would resume hostilities unless matters were remedied.

A semi-official statement says in reply to this it should be pointed out that everything is being done by Germany to carry out in an orderly manner the repatriation of the British and other prisoners and that owing to the measures taken regular transport of these prisoners has been ensured and has already been effected to a considerable extent.

BRITISH FLEET SAILS SOUTHWARDS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 1.
Recd. 8-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

COPENHAGEN.—The British fleet has sailed southwards.

GERMAN WAR PRISONERS' COMMISSION.

RUTHLESS PUNISHMENT TO OFFENDERS PROMISED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 5.
LONDON, Dec. 4.

AMSTERDAM.—A telegram from Berlin says Erzberger at the opening of the War Prisoners' Commission to investigate the allegations of cruelty promised ruthless punishment of those convicted of ill-treating the prisoners.

RESTORATION OF OLD REGIME.

STRONG MOVEMENT AFOOT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

In connection with the report that the Kaiser has definitely renounced the throne, it is noteworthy that strong movements with which powerful military elements are identified, are aiming at the restoration of the old regime.

It is reported that Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria is in Switzerland, where a conference of the Austrian and German royalists will be held.

BRITISH HONOUR TO MARSHAL FOCH.

MILITARY ORDER OF MERIT CONFERRED BY KING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

PARIS.—After the banquet at the British Embassy last evening, King George conferred the Military Order of Merit on Marshal Foch.

PRESIDENT WILSON.

TO HEAD AMERICAN PEACE DELEGATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON. Nov. 30.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Dec. 5.

WASHINGTON.—President Wilson will personally head the American peace delegation. Other members will be Mr. Lansing, Colonel House, General Bliss and Mr. Henry White, ex-ambassador to France and Italy.

ELECTION OF CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.

PEOPLES' COMMISSARIES FIX FOR FEB. 1.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—A Berlin telegram states that the Council of the Peoples' Commissaries has fixed the election of the Constituent Assembly for the 1st February, subject to the approval of the Congress of Soviets, which will meet on the 16th December.

UNNECESSARY TO DEMAND HELIGOLAND.

ADMIRALTY'S DECISION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec., 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec 5.

Speaking at Dundee, yesterday, Mr. Churchill said the Admiralty had decided that it was unnecessary to demand Heligoland. "The Government," he said, "had decided on the nationalisation of railways. We intended to make Germany pay to the uttermost farthing for the harm done in gold and shipping securities and other available liquid assets."

BRITISH TROOPS ENTER TYROL

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—The British troops have entered Tyrol.

TURKISH WAR-MAKERS.

ARREST ORDERED BY BERLIN GOVERNMENT.

AT REQUEST OF OTTOMAN GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

PARIS.—A telegram from Constantinople says, at the request of the Ottoman Government, the Berlin Government has ordered the arrest of Enver Pasha, Talaat Pasha, Djemal Pasha, Nazim Pasha and Shukri Bey, who took refuge in Germany. The Ottoman Government has arrested two hundred young Turks, including Fedri Bey who was proceeding to Odessa with half a million pounds Turkish, which he amassed in Aleppo in a month.

BOLSHEVISTS BUSY.

FUTILE ATTEMPT TO LAND E. OF VIBORG.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 5.

STOCKHOLM.—The Petrograd Bolshevists have imprisoned the Persian Minister until he Soviet representatives in Turkestan released.

A telegram from Helsingfors says the Bolshevist troops attempted to land East of Viborg, but were repulsed. The Bolshevist ships control the Gulf of Finland. Communication with Helsingfors and Reval is interrupted.

DISHONEST GERMANS.

200 SUBMARINES SUNK PRIOR TO ARMISTICE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

Information obtained at the Admiralty shows that 200 German submarines were sunk prior to the armistice out of the total of 360.

GERMAN ARMY IN EAST.

DEPLORABLE SITUATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 5.

COPENHAGEN.—The German people's commissary Barth deplores the situation of the army in the East, which, it is feared, may suffer the fate of Napoleon's army in 1814.

GERMA REQUEST FOR MITIGATION OF TERMS.

REFUSED BY ADMIRAL BEATTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec., 4.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

COPENHAGEN.—A message from Berlin states that Admiral Beatty has refused the German request to mitigate the Armistice conditions regarding trade and fishing in the North Sea.

TRIAL OF ENVER PASHA DEMANDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec., 5.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Dec. 5.

Sir Auckland Geddes speaking at Reading, declared that Enver Pasha and the former rulers of Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary must be tried and, if convicted, shot. The Government policy, he said, included production power

RETURN OF KUT PRISONERS.

SECOND BATCH ARRIVE IN BOMBAY.

OVATION AT ALEXANDRA DOCK.

A second batch of Kut prisoners consisting of twenty Indian officers and about four hundred and thirty convalescents returned to Bombay by the Hospitalship Egypt which anchored in the stream on Wednesday evening and entered the Alexandra Dock, at 2-30 p.m. The officers who embarked at Suez and arrived in Bombay were:—

Mahdo Rao Jakale, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry, Jemadar.

Krishna Ghawan, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry, Jemadar.

Bhan Singh, Sarmur Sappers and Miners Infantry, Jemadar.

Dulla Singh, 48th Pioneers, Sub-Major.

Harnam Singh, 22nd Punjabis, Jemadar.

Bishan Singh, 66th Punjabis, Subedar.

Indar Singh, 76th Punjabis, Subedar.

Sunder Singh, 76th Punjabis, Subedar.

Basant Singh, 76th Punjabis, Subedar.

Ajab Singh, 7th Lancers, Risaldar.

Banas Singh, 7th Lancers, Jamadar.

Lall Mir, 46th Punjabis, Subedar.

Sharif Khan 24th Rifles, Jemadar.

Krishna Ram, 104th Rifles, Jemadar.

Jiwan Singh, Sarmur Sappers and Miners, Lieutenant.

Lachman Singh Bahadur, Sarmur Sappers and Miners, Subedar.

Mohd Khan, M. Service Depot, Dehra Dun, Jemadar.

Efam Din, 123/24th Punjabis, Subedar.

Kadar Bakah, 119th Infantry, Jemadar.

They received an oration as they landed and were warmly greeted by large numbers of officers and European and Indian ladies including General St. John who shook hands and congratulated them on their gallantry, Colonel Maitland, Assistant Embarkation Comdt. Colonel Bates, A. D. M. S., Colonel Barnado, A. D. S. Embarkation Staff, Colonel Law, Major Mathews, D. A. D. R. T., Captain T. Brewin, Embarkation Staff and Mr. Needham. Mrs. Vincent, wife of the Commissioner of Police was also there.

On entering No. 2 shed, which was beautifully decorated and arranged for by Colonel Barnado and Capt. Brewin, Resildar Ajab Singh, 7th Lancers, in anticipated of their Excellencie's presence and obtain in is unconscious of their absence, stepped to before the assembly and narrated his and his brother officers experience at Kut.,

THRILLING STORY.

The Risaldar said:—

Your Excellencies,—

On behalf of the Indian officers for whose sake this grand reception and meeting is held by you all, I thank you from the bottom of my heart. The whole world knows that we were tried in Kut-al-Amarah. The Turks laid the siege of Kut-al-Amarah on 5th December, 1915. The slightest movement was answered by a hail of bullets. The enemy made several attacks and bombardments but could not fight their way to us. They always returned with heavy losses. As the seige drew longer and longer so all the rations were finished. Every seed of buried, old and rotten barley of the town was searched for and purchased. It was then ground and issued to the troops. A small quantity of horse meat was also issued and nthing else—even salt was not available, nor fuel. In the last days of the seige, barley meal was reduced to 3 ozs. per day. Some crude oil was issued as fuel which was burnt with horses bones. Horses had to live solely upon four pounds of date palm timber per day. Mules had to feed upon mule flesh and two pounds of palm leaves. Every blade of grass was used by the troops. Leaves of trees were used in place of tobacco, whilst the kernal of the palm timber was used as tea without either sugar or salt. Supplies of medicine and clothing were exhausted and the only animals now left were two horses which were saved by the Turks from the butchery on the 29th of April 1916, the gloomy day when hunger forced us to surrender and we were put to another trial of long captivity.

Our benign Government did what they could to make us comfortable in every possible way. Heaps of money were sent to meet our requirements and our rate of pay was increased owing to the very high prices of foodstuffs, etc. Large quantities of clothing were sent to us and everything possible was done for our comfort under such trying circumstances.

It was a great honour and comfort to us as well as a great honour to our benign Government. The Turks were astonished to see the enormous gifts sent to us and I daresay every wise Turk praises our Government to his friends. We were proud of being captives for the King and Country.

Over and above all, this grand reception and honour is of great pride to us. We are proud to have such a benign Government. All the facts mentioned above have proved that the performing of duty in the righteous way is appreciated and honoured. We know well that we have done nothing more than our duty. Now all our miseries and hardships are over and we are very very glad that the result is what we have been longing for.

May this peace last for ever and we pray that Almighty God will always help our everlasting Government to be victorious.

Finally, we thank your Excellencies once again and jointly pray for our most gracious and mighty Emperor and Empress and all the Royal Family's and your Excellencies very long lives and prosperity.

After taking refreshments, the officers entered six private moto rcars, and amidst cheers, were driven ound the cit yand finally to the Marine Lines Camp.

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Just consider what must be the Public Demand for these Lamps!

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Pure Silk for one suit Complete.

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with plain and fancy borders. Suitable for Ladies, and Gentlemen's use. Size 5 yards by 44 inches.
Price, Rs. 11-8 per Dhotie.

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Size 3 yards by 50 inches.

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5.)

Mr. J. A. Arratoon, Junior Assistant Secretary to Government in the Political Department, is confirmed in his appointment.

Mr. C. F. Borges to be Portuguese Translator to Government, on probation for one year, vice Mr. Joseph Bocarro.

The Governor in Council is pleased to invest Mr. Dadiba Kharshedji Mehta, Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge at Ahmedabad, with appellate jurisdiction.

The Governor in Council is pleased to create a temporary appointment of a Fourth Grade Deputy Superintendent of Police on Rs. 250 per mensem for a period of two months, and to appoint Mr. Shamrav Ramrav Jagadale to hold it and to do duty as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Nasik, vice Mr. W. R. G. Smith.

During the absence of Mr. I. C. Boyd on leave, or pending further orders:—

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, on relief by Mr. A. H. M. Ostrehan, to act as District Superintendent of Police, Poona.

Mr. I. C. Fleming to do duty temporarily as District Superintendent of Police, Poona, from the date he receives charge from Mr. I. C. Boyd till relieved by Mr. W. R. G. Smith.

Mr. Jetharam Nanabhai Bhat, LL.B., to act as Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge at Poona, vice Mr. Chimanlal Narayanbhai Mehta, LL.B., on special duty.

The Governor in Council is pleased to create a temporary appointment of Assistant Judge under the Provincial Civil Service Rules on Rs. 500 per mensem for a period of two months, and to appoint Mr. Balkrishna Vinayak Deshmukh, LL.B., to hold it and to do duty as Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge at Belgaum.

Mr. P. Sullivan, Superintendent, C.I.D., Bombay, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough on medical grounds for twenty-one months with effect from the 25th October, 1918.

Khan Bahadur Kavasji Jamshedji Petigara to act as Superintendent, C.I.D., during the absence of Mr. Sullivan on leave, or pending further orders.

The Governor in Council is pleased to confirm, with effect from the 6th November, 1918, the following appointments during the absence on leave of Mr. D. B. Malbari, Barrister-at-Law, Head Assistant to the Prothonotary, High Court, Bombay:—

Mr. W. J. Howard, First Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, High Court, Bombay, to act as Head Assistant to the Prothonotary, High Court, Bombay.

Mr. K. A. Bhoiwni, LL.B., Barrister-at-Law, Second Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, High Court, Bombay, to act as First Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, High Court, Bombay.

Mr. Dorab N. D. Khandalawalla, LL.B., Barrister-at-Law, to act as Second Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, High Court, Bombay.

Lieutenant-Colonel Khan Bahadur Dinshah Dosabhai Khambata, V.D., to be an Honorary Magistrate of the First Class in the District of Poona.

Mr. Chhaganlal Harilal Mehta to act as City Magistrate, Ahmedabad, vice Rao Bahadur Bulakhidas Bapuji Trivedi, retired.

Vice Mr. E. M. Pratt, I.C.S., appointed to be a Puisne Judge of his Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay:—

Mr. C. G. H. Fawcett, I.C.S., to be Judicial Commissioner of Sind.

Mr. L. C. Crump, I.C.S., to be Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind.

Mr. C. A. Kincaid, C.V.O., I.C.S., to continue to act temporary as Judicial Commissioner of Sind, till relieved by Mr. L. C. Crump, I.C.S., pending further orders.

Mr. Hiralal Govindlal Lakhia, acting Mamlatdar at Thasra and Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Kaira, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Mr. Gurunath Gangadhar Nargund, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Sangola and Malsiras, is granted privilege leave on half pay for three months with effect from the 9th October, 1918.

Vice Mr. W. T. Conway, Senior Assistant Secretary to Government, Judicial Department, appointed to act as Under-Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial and Special Departments:—

Mr. J. A. Arratoon to act as Senior Assistant Secretary to Government, and to continue in charge of the Political Department.

Mr. G. H. Misquitta, B.A., to act as Junior Assistant Secretary to Government, and to be in charge of the Judicial Department.

Captain A. K. MacEwan, 227th Brigade, R.F.A., to be temporary Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor, vice Captain C. K. Greenway, vacated.

Mr. Chimanlal Dalpatram Kavi to act as Superintendent of Land Records, Northern Division, vice Mr. S. E. Reuben, deceased.

Mr. Gunvantrai Gulabrai Desai to be District Deputy Collector, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. C. D. Kavi.

Mr. Chhaganlal Pranlal Jetti to act as Native Assistant to the Commissioner, Northern Division, vice Mr. G. G. Desai.

Mr. J. R. Hood, I.C.S., Assistant Collector, Kaira, is granted privilege leave for five weeks with effect from 18th November, 1918, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Mr. R. W. Inder, on reversion from Military duty, to do duty temporarily as Divisional Forest Officer, North Thana, vice Mr. P. E. Aitchinson, transferred, and thereafter on relief by Mr. J. A. G. Douglas-Hamilton to be Divisional Forest Officer, Surat, vice Mr. A. C. Hiley.

Mr. G. E. L. Carter, I.C.S., on reversion from Military duty, to be Assistant Collector, Thana, vice Mr. G. Leathem, I.C.S., transferred.

The Governor in Council is pleased to extend, up to 28th February, 1919, the period of the appointment of Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I.C.S., as Assistant Settlement Officer in connection with the revision settlements of the Dholka, North Daskroi and South Daskroi Talukas of the Ahmedabad District.

Mr. J. G. Cattell, M.R.C.V.S., Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Sind, Baluchistan and Rajputana, was granted privilege leave for one month and four days with effect from 20th May, 1918.

Rao Saheb Ganpat Raghavendra Kalyanpurkar is allowed an extension by one month of the leave on medical certificate, granted to him.

Mr. Virupax Shivlingappa Kulolgi is allowed leave on medical certificate for one month in continuation of the privilege leave granted to him.

Mr. H. G. Rawlinson, on return from military duty, to act as Principal, Karnatak College, Dharwar, vice Mr. C. J. Sisson, reverting.

Mr. Hormasji Sorabji Captain, Barrister-at-Law, Professor of Law, Government Law School, Bombay, is granted leave without allowances from the 20th November, 1918, to the 2nd January, 1919, both days inclusive.

Mr. Ramkrishna Govind Bhadkamkar to act as Professor of Sanskrit, Elphinstone College, Bombay, during the absence on leave of Dr. Vinayak Sakharam Ghate, D.Litt.

Mr. J. L. Pinto, D.P.H., acted as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Sind Registration District, from the 5th September, 1918, to the 12th October, 1918, vice Mr. K. D. Khambatta granted combined leave of absence.

Mr. Pinto to be substantive pro tem. Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Sind Registration District, vice Mr. Khambatta, with effect from the 13th October, 1918.

The services of Major W. S. J. Shaw, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India for employment under the Government of Burma.

Major A. W. Overbeck-Wright, M.B., I.M.S., to act as Superintendent, Central Lunatic Asylum, Yeravda, and Medical Officer, Yeravda Central Prison, during the absence of Major W. S. J. Shaw, I.M.S.

The services of Major A. F. Hamilton, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his military duties.

Mr. W. T. Conway, Senior Assistant Secretary to Government, Judicial Department, to act as Under-Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial and Special Departments, from the date he took over charge from Mr. A. F. Kindersley, I.C.S., till he is relieved by Mr. H. D. Baskerville, I.C.S.

Captain F. C. Fraser, I.M.S., to act as Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, in addition to his Military duties, vice Captain A. G. Tresidder, I.M.S., transferred.

Mr. R. D. Mistry, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 29th October, 1918, or subsequent date of relief.

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THE WEATHER

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 4th Dec 1918.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometers corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.960 Inch.
Temperature of Air	78.6 Degs.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71.5 "
Dew Point	68.3 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.712 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	2.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	86.1 "
Minimum do.	72.9 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	ENE,WNW,NNW,N.
Movement of Wind do. do.	89 Miles

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on 8 hours on Thursday, the 5th December, 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi reports 0.10in. of rain. Skies are lightly clouded in the north Punjab and are clear elsewhere. Humidity is in slight excess at Rawalpindi. Day temperature continues in defect in the south-eastern districts; night temperature is slightly above normal in the north Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. In the west of the division humidity is locally below normal and temperature is below the average both by day and night.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is below normal in Sind and north-west Rajputana. Both day and night temperatures are moderately below the average in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear except at Neemuch. Humidity is below normal in Kathiawar, but is above it locally in north Gujarat and the south of Central India West. Day temperature is below normal in the north of the division; night temperature is lower than usual in north Gujarat and Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the west of the division; Jubbulpore reports 0.45in., Saugor 0.27in., Hoshangabad 0.75in., Amraoti 0.27in. and Nagpur 1.01in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is largely above normal in the area of rainfall. Day temperature has fallen rapidly and is in moderate to considerable defect in the north-western districts; night temperature is above the average nearly everywhere, and the excess is considerable at several stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. Humidity is locally in slight excess.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded except in south Hyderabad, where the sky is overcast. Humidity is lower generally, but is still in excess at some stations. Night temperature is in slight or moderate excess at most stations.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has almost completely disappeared from the south of the Peninsula; but it has extended into the Central Provinces and has been nearly general in the west of that division. Light rain has also fallen in the extreme north under the influence of the disturbance from the west.

Rainfall is likely to continue in the central parts of the country and may reappear in the south of the Peninsula.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

		HIGH WATER.				LOW WATER.			
Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Soundings.		Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Soundings.
	Dec.	h.	m.	ft.	in.	Dec.	h.	m.	ft. in.
Thur.	5	m 0	8	28	10	5	m 6	13	19 5
		m 11	50a	26	2		5	50a	15 7
Fri	6	m 0	43	28	10	6	m 6	50	19 4
		0	28a	26	11		6	25a	15 10
Sat.	7	m 1	19	28	8	7	m 7	28	19 5
		1	8a	25	11		7	1a	16 5
Sun.	8	m 1	56	28	4	8	m 8	9	19 5
		1	52a	25	7		7	39a	17 2
Mon	9	m 2	36	27	11	9	m 8	56	19 4
		2	46a	25	3		8	25a	18 2
Tues.	10	m 3	20	27	4	10	m 9	51	19 2
		3	58a	24	11		9	75a	19 3
Wed	11	m 4	9	26	10	11	m 10	58	18 9
		5	7a	25	0		10	43a	20 2

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Dec. 5 (Thursday)	Sunrise, 6h 58m.	Sunset	6h. 1m
" 6 (Friday)	" 6h. 59m.	"	6h. 1m
" 7 (Saturday)	" 6h. 59m.	"	6h. 1m
" 8 (Sunday)	" 7h. 0m.	"	6h. 2m
" 9 (Monday)	" 7h. 1m.	"	6h. 2m
" 10 (Tuesday)	" 7h. 1m.	"	6h. 2m
" 11 (Wednesday)	" 7h. 2m.	"	6h. 3m

Phases of the Moon:—New Moon 1918 Dec. 8d. 8h 49.3m. p.m.; First quarter 11d. 8h. 1.4m. a.m. Full Moon 18d. 6h. 47.5m a.m.; Last quarter 25d. 0h 0.6m. p.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 5th December, 1918, was 30.182 inches for temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .019 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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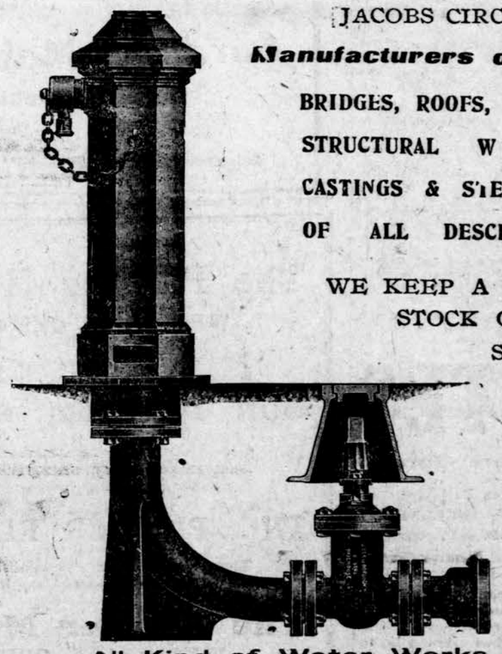

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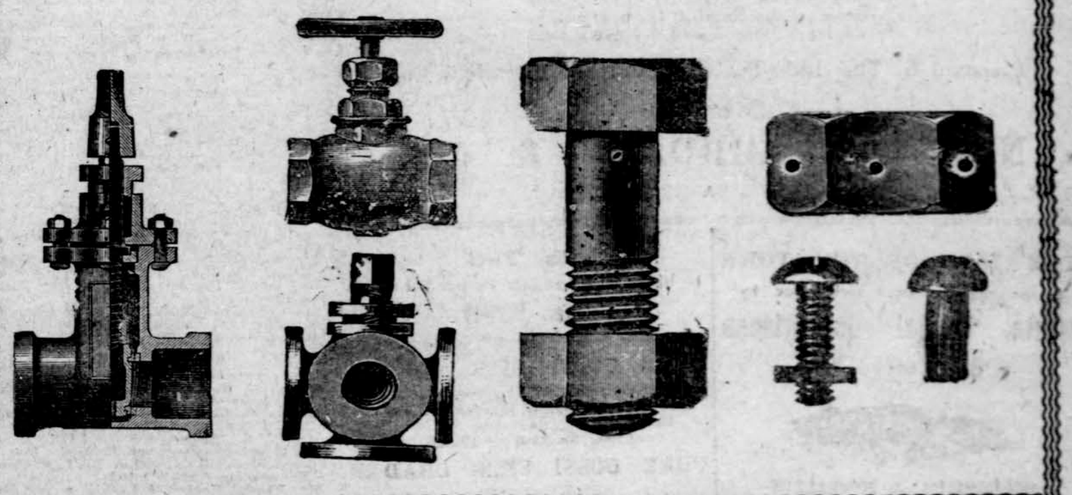

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